The Practical Speller

Heads Council
Cottage

THE PRACTICAL SPELLER

ESPECIALLY DESIGNED

FOR USE IN COMMERCIAL EDUCATION

CHICAGO
POWERS & LYONS

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PREFACE.

The importance of correct spelling can hardly be overestimated. Nothing stamps one as illiterate so quickly as poor spelling. Various attempts have been made to simplify our language and reduce its orthography to a phonetic basis, but as nothing has yet been accomplished in this direction, it remains for us to spell the language as it is, or suffer for our neglect.

This book contains 4,000 words selected with a view to practical use. Only those words which are commonly used and also commonly missed, have been incorporated herein, and it is believed that one who thoroughly masters the contents of this book will have little occasion to regret the consequences of poor spelling.

The pages devoted to Rules for Spelling, Punctuation and Capital Letters will also be found very useful to many persons. Students of shorthand should be perfectly familiar with these pages, and although the rules given are greatly condensed, it is believed that they cover the essential points.

If the contents of this book shall be the means of enabling young persons, especially stenographers and office clerks to write more accurate English its mission will be fulfilled.

THE AUTHOR.

CAPITAL LETTERS

SHOULD BE USED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES:

1. At the beginning of every sentence.

2. The first letter of every line of poetry.

3. The first letter of all proper names, whether names of persons or places; as: *John Smith, Pacific Ocean, New York, Monroe County,* but *county of Monroe.*

4. Initial letters for literary titles, titles of honor or office; as: *D. D. for Doctor of Divinity, A. M. for Master of Arts, James G. Blaine, Secretary of State.*

5. The first letter of all adjectives derived from proper names; as: *Roman, American, French, Spencerian.*

6. The first letter of all words denoting Deity or the place of happiness in a future life; as: *God, Jehovah, Supreme Being, Paradise of God.*

7. The first letter of every direct quotation, unless introduced by a conjunction; as: *"Honesty is the best policy."* It should not begin with a capital when introduced by a conjunction; as: *We have been taught that "honesty is the best policy."*

8. Names and things personified should begin with a capital; as: *"He addressed the Chair."*

9. In writing the titles of books, papers, periodicals or names of societies begin each noun, verb and adjective with a capital; as: *The Life and Writings of Josephus, Society for The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.*

10. Begin the names of the days of the week and months of the year with a capital; as: *Monday, July.* Do not capitalize the names of the seasons; as: *spring, summer, autumn, winter.*

11. The pronoun *I* and interjection *O* should always be written with a capital.

12. Capitals are sometimes used at the beginning of an emphatic word instead of putting the entire word in capitals.

Although not strictly correct, business men usually begin with capitals the names of articles of merchandise; as: *Beef, Pork, Flour, Lard, Butter,* etc., when making bills of them or referring to them in correspondence.

RULES FOR PUNCTUATION.

1. The PERIOD (.) is placed at the end of every sentence which is not interrogative or exclamatory. It is also used after abbreviations; as: Hon. S. A. Douglas, M. C.

2. The COLON (:) is now seldom used. Its principal use is when the writer is about to particularize or explain, and is placed after the expression, *as follows: viz:* or something similar in meaning; as: We desire to hear from you on the following points:

3. The SEMI-COLON (;) is placed between members of a sentence which are independent in meaning and yet stand connected; as: *Not that I shall be absent; but I cannot give my attention to the business.*

4. The COMMA (,) is used to separate words, phrases, sentences, and clauses, which stand closely connected, and are in the same relation,

5. The INTERROGATION POINT (?) is placed after every direct question; as: *He said, "Will you venture?"* (Direct.) *He asked me if I would venture.* (Indirect.)

6. The EXCLAMATION POINT (!) stands after expressions of passion or emotion.

7. The APOSTROPHE (') denotes the omission of a letter or figure, and also the possessive case; as: e'er for ever, John's book.

8. QUOTATION MARKS (" ") are used to enclose a passage taken from another. Single quotation points are used when a quotation stands within a quotation.

9. The HYPHEN (-) is placed between the parts of a compound word and at the end of the line where a part of the word is carried over to the following line. The syllable should never be divided.

10. The PARENTHESIS ( ) is used to inclose words not essential to the sense of the sentence.

11. The PARAGRAPH (¶) is one or more sentences fully explaining one division of the subject.

12. The CARET (∧) is used to denote the omission of some word which is inserted above.

RULES FOR SPELLING.

The orthography of the English language is so irregular that but few rules can be laid down that are sufficiently general to be of value to the student. Perhaps none can be cited which will not have exceptions. Too much dependence should not therefore be placed on rules, but on the other hand we should not ignore such a valuable guide, as for instance, the rule for the formation of the past tense of verbs, because there are irregular verbs.

We have arranged below a list of rules which are of such universal application that they will be found exceedingly helpful to those who familiarize themselves with them.

I. Final ful is always f-u-l and fully f-u-l-l-y.

II. Ei follows c soft and ie follows other consonants; as: deceive, receive; believe, reprieve.

III. Words ending in e generally omit it when taking an additional syllable beginning with a vowel and retain it when the additional syllable begins with a consonant; as: invade, invading; pale, paleness. The common exceptions to this rule are: judgment, acknowledgment, abridgment, argument and duly.

IV. In case final e is preceded by c or g it is retained upon adding able or ous; as: peace, peaceable; charge, chargeable; courage, courageous. If it is preceded by o or e it is retained before ing; as: shoe, shoeing.

V. Monosyllables and words accented on the last syllable when they end in a consonant preceded by a single vowel double the final consonant on taking a suffix beginning with a vowel; as: begin, beginning; tan, tanned.

VI. The possessive singular is generally formed by adding 's to the nominative singular form and the possessive plural by simply adding the ' to the nominative plural; as: girl, girl's, girls'. In case the nominative plural is not formed regularly i. e. by adding s to the singular, then the possessive plural is formed the same as the possessive singular by adding 's to the nominative plural; as: child, child's, children, children's.

VII. Words ending in y preceded by a vowel form their plurals by adding s, but if preceded by a consonant change y to i and add es; as: valley, valleys; lady, ladies.

LESSON I.

clean'ly (clen-) clean.
ghost, spirit, soul.
bruise, to mangle with blows.
cri'sis, a critical time.
a las', an exclamation of grief or pity.
a lert', watchful, vigilant.
prey, to seize food by violence.
pray, to beseech.
be seech', to entreat.
dol'lar, 100 cents.
jan'i tor, a doorkeeper, a porter.
i o'ta, jot, particle.
flea, a blood-sucking insect.
flee, to fly or run from.
i de'a, image in the mind.
prom'ise, to engage to do, or make, or to refrain from doing.
de pot' (de-po' or dē'-po), a railway station.
clink'er, a cinder.
fu'el, anything to feed a fire.
browse, to feed on tender branches.
a'gue, an intermitting fever.
feud, a deadly strife.
crease, a mark made by bending.
com pel', to force.
chaise (sh), a two-wheeled pleasure carriage.
def'i cit, deficiency.
jaunt, a ramble.
lau'rel, an evergreen tree.
lyre, a kind of harp.
al lay', to quiet.
nos'tril, one of the holes of the nose.
tar'iff, a list of duties.
ly'ing, telling a falsehood; reclining.
helve, handle of an axe.
ax, axe, } an instrument for hewing timber.
awn'ing, a covering from the sun.
baf'fle, to check by shifts and turns.
sew (so), to join with a needle and thread.
so, in this manner.
cis'tern, a tank.
seize, to grasp, to take by force.
strait, a narrow pass; close; distress.
straight, direct, not crooked.
stat'ute, a law made by a legislature.
stat'ue, an image carved out of a solid substance.
stat'ure, natural height of the body.
vault, to leap.
guess'ed, did guess.
mor'al, pertaining to the duties of life.
flor'id, flushed with red.

LESSON II.

po lice', a body of officers.
e lev'en, next after ten.
con geal', to freeze.
eaves, edges of a roof.
u'sury, illegal interest.
jamb (jam), side-piece of a door, etc.
jam, a crowd; a preparation of fruit.
gnash (nash), to strike together, as the teeth.
wretch, a villain.
pierce, to penetrate.
peel, to strip off.
peal, a set of bells tuned to each other.
frig' id, cold.
ver'i fy, to prove true.
as cend', to rise; to climb.
pawn, to deposit as security.
peer, an equal; a nobleman.
whoa, stop, attend.
gnaw (naw), to bite or tear with the teeth.
vi o lin', a musical instrument of four strings.
be troth', to pledge for marriage.
ba'con, hog's flesh, salted and smoked.
screech, to utter a shrill cry.
re'gal, royal.
deuce, the two-spot of cards or dice.
this'tle, a common plant.
bush'el, a measure of four pecks.
fur'ther, to forward; more remote; farther.
fun'gus, mushrooms and similar plants.
brit'tle, easily broken.
oys'ter, a bivalve shell fish.
hoist, to raise or lift up.
pig'eon, the dove.
plague, pestilence.
cash ier', one who has charge of cash.
in still', to infuse slowly.
al'ien, a foreigner.
stag'ger, to reel.
pal'lid, pale, wan.
pal'ate, the roof of the mouth.
pad'dle, to propel by an oar or paddle.
di vorce', a legal dissolution of the marriage contract.
mer'ci ful, compassionate.
val'iant, heroic, brave.
prob'a ble, likely, that may be.
men'tal, relating to the mind.
pal'sy, paralysis.
trow'el, a tool to spread mortar.
tor'por, numbness.
au'tumn, one of the four seasons.

LESSON III.

queen, a female sovereign of a kingdom.
reign, rule.
rein, restraint.
rain, to fall in drops from the clouds.
id'i ot, a fool.
tac'it, silent, implied.
piv'ot, a pin on which anything turns.
cru'et, a vial for vinegar, oil, etc.
ex pel', to drive out.
lynch, to punish without legal trial.
tep'id, moderately warm.
clause, a portion of a sentence containing a finite verb and its adjunct.
phrase, a brief expression or part of a sentence.
claws, the hooked nails of a beast.
clam'or, loud and continued shouting or noise.
vein, a tube to convey the blood.
vain, proud.
vane, a contrivance to show which way the wind blows.
in sane', crazy, mad.
plaid, a striped or variegated cloth.
eighth, one of eight equal parts in which a thing is divided.
thief, one guilty of stealing.
paid, recompensed.
bade (bad), ordered, commanded.
bad, not good.
dec'o rate, to deck with that which is becoming.
res'pite, reprieve, delay.
al'ways, forever.
squeeze, to press close.
lu'bri cate, to make slippery.
climb, to ascend with labor.
re en force'ment, } additional
re in force'ment, } force.
spec'u late, to theorize; to buy expecting a rise.
a void', to shun; to escape from.
a droit', skillful, dexterous.
chalk, a carbonate of lime.
o'ral, spoken.
ac'me, highest point.
tri'fle, a thing of little value.
chore, a small job of work.
mete, to measure.
meet, to come in contact with.
meat, the flesh of animals.
tier, a row, rank.
tear, a drop of lachrymal fluid.
so'lo, a tune for one person.
alms, relief given to the poor.
deaf, wanting the sense of hearing either wholly or in part.
tease, to annoy by jests.
tat'tle, to tell tales or secrets.

LESSON IV.

mir'ror, a looking-glass.
ap pall', to terrify.
ac knowl'edg ment, admission of the truth of a fact.
hick'o ry, a kind of tree.
cuck'oo, a bird.
ob'e lisk, a high, slender pyramid; the mark (†) used in printing.
bar'rack, a building for lodging soldiers.
ra vine', a deep, narrow valley.
vit'ri ol, sulphuric acid.
ig nite', to kindle; to take fire.
cor'al, a hard substance formed of the secretion of a small animal.
shoe'ing, putting on shoes.
corpse, a dead human body.
fee'ble, weak, sickly.
skel'e ton, the bony framework of animals.
ef face', to blot out; to erase.
for'ceps, surgical tongs or pincers.
set tee', a long seat with a back.
ceil'ing, covering of the inner roof.
seal'ing, shutting or keeping closed.
cel'lar, a cell or room under a house.
blur, a blot, a dark spot.
syr'inge, a medical instrument.
ar'sen ic, a kind of metal; an oxide of a certain metal.
cor'po ral, relating to the body; a military officer.
op'u lent, rich, wealthy.
re ceive', to accept; to take.
whol'ly, totally, all together.
hop'ing, wishing, trusting.
scythe, an instrument for mowing grass.
bou quet' (bo-ká), a nosegay; a bunch of flowers.
et i quette' (-ket), forms of ceremonies.
sure, certain, confident.
clas'sic al, of the first rank in literature.
syn'di cate, a combination, a council.
mu se'um, a collection of curious things.
dil'i gent, industrious, attentive and steady.
es'say, a short treatise; an attempt.
as say', to subject ore to a chemical examination.
un til', till, up to the time of.
till, until.
in flam ma'tion, a redness and swelling of any part of an animal body.
pre cede', to go before.
sol'emn, grave, serious.

cap'i tal, a large letter; money for carrying on a business; chief city.
cap'i tol, the building where a legislative body meets.
ar'se nal, a magazine of arms.
ten'e ment, a house or rooms for a family.
pen'cil, a tool for drawing or writing.
in sep'ar a ble, not to be separated or taken apart.

LESSON V.

leech, a worm that sucks blood.
leach, to pass through by percolation.
shov'el, a tool for throwing dirt.
des'ti ny, doom; foreordained condition.
hav'oc, general waste.
ze'nith, a point directly overhead.
na'dir, that point of the heavens opposite to the zenith.
pur sue', to chase; to follow.
pre cise', exact, not vague.
pur'pose, end or aim; to propose; to intend.
pro pose', to offer for consideration.
ce'dar, an evergreen tree.
pell-mell', confusedly.
rai'ment, dress.
cor'di al or **cord'ial,** hearty, sincere.
car'nal, pertaining to the flesh.
feat'ure, a lineament of the face.
as sent', to agree; to consent.
as cent', the act of rising.
spe'cie, coined money.
au spi'cious (-shus), having a favorable appearance.
aught, anything.
ought, is fit, proper or necessary; due, owing.
for'ti fy, to strengthen.
os'tra cize, to put under a ban.
out ra'geous, exceeding all bounds.
aug ment', to grow larger.
bald, bare.
bawled, did cry out.
fair, handsome, clear.
fare, price of passage.
gate, a framework which closes a passage.
gait, manner of walking.
heal, to mend.
heel, part of the foot.
feign, to pretend.
bel'fry, where bells are hung.
be guile', to amuse.
gourd, a plant and its fruit.
yon'der, at a distance but within view.
re pel', to drive back.
o'pi um, the juice of the poppy.

sin'ew, a tendon.
o'pi ate, anything causing rest or inaction.
ser'vant, one who serves another.
ex ceed', to surpass.
hus'tle, to handle roughly.
ad'age, a maxim, a saying.
ruf'fi an, a brutal fellow.
ras'cal, a villain.

LESSON VI.

skull, the bones of the head.
bull'ion, a precious metal in mass.
cyn'ic, a snarler.
dahl'ia (dal-ya), a genus of beautiful flowering plants.
or'a tor, an eloquent speaker.
shoul'der, the joint by which the arm is connected with the body.
cul'prit, a criminal.
bot'a ny, the science which treats of plants.
sphere, a globe.
in'ter est, concern, sympathy, share, part.
myr'tle, an evergreen shrub.
as sure', to make secure.
ging'ham, a cotton cloth.
trough, a long, hollow vessel or narrow depression.
trump'er y, worthless but showy matter.
lu'cid, shining, clear.
sanc'ti fy (sank-), to make holy.
twitch, to jerk.
morgue, a public place for bodies of persons found dead.
de funct', dead.
plan'et, a celestial body.
car'ri on, dead and rotting flesh.
ex'er cise, to train; to practice.
weap'on, an instrument of offense or defense.
of fense', **of fence',** act of offending.
oft'times, frequently.
of'fer to ry, verses of scripture read while alms are collecting.
on'ion, a plant and its bulbous root.
cru'ci fy, to put to death by nailing to a cross.
mor'phine, an alkaloid from opium.
mor'bid, not sound and healthful.
rat'i fy, to confirm.
trea'son, disloyalty to one's government.
grat'i fy, to indulge.
o pin'ion, judgment, notion, view.
bol'ster, a long pillow.
a'bly, in an able manner.
clas'si fy, to arrange into classes.

ac'id, sour like vinegar.
har'ass, to vex.
dis sent', to differ.
mi li'tia, a body of soldiers enrolled but not engaged in actual service.
re bate', a discount.
dec'i mal, a fraction whose denomination is not expressed.
po ta'to, a well-known tuber.
gen teel', well bred.
pump'kin, a well-known plant and its fruit.
pun'gent, pricking; piercing in reference to taste or smell.
sol'dier, one in military service.
lar'cen y, theft.

LESSON VII.

can'cel, to blot out.
ac cess', approach, admission.
salve, an ointment.
pi'rate, a sea robber.
spi'ral, winding like a screw.
pul'pit, a stage, in a church, on which the preacher stands.
dense, close, compact.
tour (toor), an excursion.
de void', empty.
guilt, offense against right.
gilt, gold laid on the surface of a thing.
tru'ant, an idler.
so'cial, relating to society.
chro'mo, a colored lithographic picture.
du'el, a premeditated fight between two persons.
thee, you.
brawn'y, muscular.
there, in that place.
their, of them.
cease, to leave off.
lease, contract renting a house or land.
bus'y, actively employed.
viv'id, sprightly, clear.
bough, a branch of a tree.
bow, an inclination of the head or body.
beach, shore, strand.
beech, a tree.
ore, metal in its mineral state.
squeak, to make a shrill noise.
af fair', business, concern.
cha'os, a confused mass of matter.
fi'nal, last, conclusion.
pique (peek) slight anger.
ad join', to be contiguous to.
sieve, a vessel for sifting.
tomb, vault for a dead body.
ech'o, sound reflected.
li'bel, a malicious, defamatory publication.
seam, a line formed by sewing.
seem, to appear.
li'lac, a shrub and its flower.
i'vy, a creeping plant.

rough, not smooth.
ream, 20 quires of paper.
a'cre, 160 square rods.
sat'in, a soft, glossy silk.
flu'id, a liquid; not solid.
su perb', grand, stately.
gi'ant, man of immense size.
a do', bustle.

LESSON VIII.

chis'el, a tool for cutting wood.
bu'ri al, act of burying.
beau, a lover.
beaux, plural of beau.
lose (looz), to fail to keep or gain.
loose, free, unbond.
chief, leading, highest.
nick'el, a whitish metal.
scheme, a plan.
que'ry, question.
knob, a protuberance.
but'ter, a substance obtained from cream.
a cute', sharp, severe.
vig'or, force, strength.
pol'i cy, prudence; contract of insurance.
psalm (sam), a sacred song.
stitch, to sew.
ache, continued pains.
juice, the watery part of anything.
cede, to give up.
seed, that from which anything springs.
seethe, to boil.
slay, to kill.
preach, to discourse publicly.
arc, part of a curve.
u'sage, the common practice.
cli'ent, one who employs an agent.
an'gel, a celestial spirit.
ear'nest, eager, zealous.
wor'thy, deserving.
past, time gone by.
pass'ed, did pass.
an'vil, the iron on which a smith hammers his work.
neigh, the cry of a horse.
bran, coat of the seed of wheat.
breve, a curved mark to indicate the short sound of a vowel.
brawl, to quarrel indecently.
an'guish, great pain.
fi'nis, the end.
di'vers, sundry.
by'-and-by, before long.
by'-the-bye, by way of digression.
by'-law, a private law or regulation.
se rene', clear and calm.
slight, small, weak.
sleight, an artful trick.
fu'ture, time to come.
ca reer', general course of proceeding.
sweat, perspiration.
frol'ic, to play merry pranks.

LESSON IX.

tres'tle, a frame to support a bridge.
ca price' (-prēs), a freak, a fancy.
me'di um, intervening substance.
style, mode; part of a flower; a graver's tool.
stile, step for climbing over a wall, etc.
cheat, to defraud.
rec'ti fy, to straighten; to set right.
i'cy, full of ice.
muf'fle, to wrap up closely.
plu'ral, more than one.
cough, a violent effort of the lungs to get rid of irritating matter.
ad here', to stick; to remain.
u til'i ty, usefulness.
scent, an odor.
ay, } (i), yes.
aye, }
re cess', intermission; niche.
niche (nitch), a recess within the thickness of a wall for a statue, etc.
neu'ter, neutral; neither.
leis'ure, time free from employment.
Es quire', title of a justice of the peace, etc.
sponge, a soft, porous animal substance.
lynx, a cat-like beast.
dirge, a funeral hymn.
a wry', aside, obliquely.
ca noe', a boat made of a log, bark, or skin.
sheaf, stalks of grain bound together.
shawl, a cloth used as a covering for the neck and shoulders.
tough, not brittle.
zig'zag, having short, sharp turns.
zinc, a metal.
fra'cas, a noisy quarrel.
res'cue, to set free from danger.
va'por, steam, mist.
clothes, garments.
stretch, to extend.
breadth, width.
er'ror, violation of law or duty; inaccuracy.
dole'ful, sorrowful.
rou tine', any regular course of action.
ro'sa ry, a string of beads on which prayers are counted.
taunt, to reproach insultingly.
ex treme', utmost point.
pis'tol, a small gun.
depth, deepness.
ro'sy, like a rose.
creek, a small stream.
fought, combated.
sug'ar, a sweet crystalline vegetable substance.
suit, prosecution of right before a legal tribunal; a set.
suf'fer, to feel pain.

LESSON X.

in'ti mate, close, familiar.
thumb (thum), the short, thick finger.
dis be lief', want of belief.
ex tinct', put out, quenched.
fo'li age, leaves of trees.
lan'guid, faint, spiritless.
ver'bal, oral, not written.
is'o late, to place by itself.
kitch'en, a room for cooking.
i'vo ry, the substance constituting the tusks of elephants.
in fringe', to transgress; to break as contracts.
ver'dict, the decision of a jury.
min'ion, a kind of printing type.
rise (rice), ascent, increase.
rice, a kind of grain.
launch, to cause to slide into the water, as a ship.
for'mal, ceremonious.
dis miss', to send away.
fres'co, a method of painting on walls.
fren'zy, a violent agitation of the mind.
bom'bast, an inflated style.
weird, supernatural.
wee'vil, a small insect of the beetle tribe.
wel'fare, well-doing or well-being in any respect.
or'ange, a common
fli'er, one who flies.
hon'or, esteem paid to
hom'i ny, maize hulled and broken, but coarse.
coarse, not refined; composed of large parts.
course, line of progress.
de scend', to come or go down in any way.
cof'fee, a drink made from the roasted berries of the coffee tree.
fiend, a deadly foe.
clum'sy, awkward.
cru'el, inhuman.
reck'on, to count, compute.
a'pex, the highest point.
op'tion, power of choosing.
pit'i ful, sad, deserving pity.
cart'age, pay for carting.
e pis'tle, a letter.
triv'i al, of little importance.
mon'arch, sovereign.
ec'sta sy, excessive joy.
cau'tious, watchful, careful.
bux'om, lively, vigorous.
dea'con, a church officer.
eth'ics, the science of manners or words.
fil'ial, befitting a son.
scull, to impel by moving an oar over the stern.

LESSON XI.

neu'tral, of neither party.
mu ta'tion, change; act of changing.
nap'kin, a cloth to wipe the hands, etc.
man'ful ly, boldly, bravely.
a bil'i ty, power, qualification.
ab stain', to forbear; to refrain from.
can'cel, to erase; to blot out.
sli'ly, cunningly; with artful secrecy.
siz'a ble, of considerable bulk.
trea'tise, a discourse; a written tract.
wal'let, a bag; a pouch.
vul'gar, low, mean, common.
scorch, to burn slightly.
scene, a display; part of a play.
seen, did see.
rel'ict, a widow.
pas'sive, not resisting; quiet.
par'o dy, a burlesque change of words.
mut'ter, to grumble.
for'feit, default, fine, penalty.
for'ti fy, to strengthen; to make secure.
scream, to cry out as in terror.
in for ma'tion, intelligence, advice.
pal'pa ble, obvious; that may be felt.
ru'ral, belonging to the country.
skit'tish, shy, easily frightened.
sluice, a water-gate.
veg'e ta ble, any kind of plant.
mort'gage, a pledge; a pawn of lands, etc.
lawn, an open place between woods.
glee'ful, merry, gay.
glim'mer, to shine or appear faintly.
fu'ner al, the ceremony of burial.
du'bi ous, doubtful, uncertain.
ac'ci dent, casualty; an unexpected event.
scrag'gy, lean, thin, rough.
se'cede, to withdraw from; to leave.
no'tice, to declare; to make known.
nib'ble, to eat slowly.
pros'e cute, to sue; to pursue.
scur'ril ous, grossly opprobrious.
un ri'valed, having no equal.
un trav'eled, untrodden.
zeal'ot, a fanatic; one full of zeal.
wrong'ful, injurious, unjust.
sub mis'sion, obedience, resignation.
sci'ence, art grounded on principles.
scarce, rare; not common.
pur'chase, to buy; to obtain for money.
par'cel, a small bundle.

LESSON XII.

se'quel, a conclusion; succeeding part.
sep'a rate, to divide into parts.
sham'ming, cheating by false pretense.
sham'ing, making ashamed.
cre a'tion, act of creating; the universe.
ab'so lute, positive, unconditional.
nape, the hind part of the neck.
ob scure', to darken; to make unintelligible.
phi los'o phy, knowledge, natural or moral.
un sul'lied, not stained; not disgraced.
yeo'man, a farmer.
wry, crooked, distorted.
wrist, the part of the arm next the hand.
u'su ry, exorbitant interest.
va'ry, to change.
trel'lis, lattice-work of wood, etc.
tran'som, a crossbeam over a door.
par ti al'i ty, an unequal judgment.
mem'oir, a history, a written account.
in di vis'i ble, that cannot be divided.
in duct', to put in possession of office.
hight, height, } elevation.
no to ri'e ty, public knowledge.
frail, weak, liable to errors.
ed'i fice, a building; a fabric.
ef'fort, a strong attempt.
cleanse, to purify; to make clean.
chron'ic (kron-), of long continuance.
bar'bar ous, cruel, fierce, wild.
ab o li'tion, the act of abolishing.
can'non, a great gun.
par tic'u lar, peculiar, singular.
stud'ied, premeditated, learned.
stat'u a ry, art of carving images.
vac'u um, space unoccupied by matter.
u'sage, treatment, custom.
va'can cy, empty space.
prin'ci pal, a head; a chief; money at interest.
prin'ci ple, a constituent part.
bag'gage, luggage.
knack, peculiar skill.
jug'gle, to deceive by sleight of hand.
hearth, the floor of a chimney.
goad, to prick; to stimulate.
fo'cus, the point where the rays meet.

fal la'cious (-shus), deceitful; producing mistake.
cir'cum flex, an accent over a syllable.
balm'y, soft, soothing.
bal'sam, an ointment; a shrub.
ab'bess, the governess of a nunnery.

LESSON XIII.

vol'a tile, capable of easily passing into the aeriform state.
pro trude', to stick out.
prop'a gate, to cause to spread.
mu'ci lage, an aqueous solution of gum.
jeal'ous y, apprehension of rivalship.
il lit'er ate, ignorant of letters or books.
frig'id, cold.
de term'ine, to come to a decision or end.
con vulse', to contract violently and irregularly.
cha rade', an enigma based on a word.
bar'gain, an agreement.
aw'ful ly, in an awful manner.
tres'pass, to intrude; to violate a known rule of duty.
wir'y, like wire, tough, sinewy.
ac cept', to receive with consenting mind.
bay'o net, a dagger fitted to a gun.
ob serv'ant, watchful, attentively viewing.
nurs'e ry, that which forms and educates.
pas'tur age, land appropriated to grazing.
will'ful, / **wil'ful,** } obstinate.
va ca'tion, intermission of a stated employment.
urge, to force onward.
a bil'i ty, power to act.
char'ac ter, reputation.
ab scond', to secrete one's self to avoid legal process.
doze, to sleep lightly.
ob scu'ri ty, darkness.
nut'ting, gathering nuts.
par'a sol, a small umbrella.
waist, part of the human body.
vow'el, a sound made with the vocal organs open.
tun'nel, an arch or passage underground.
spher'ic al, globular.
ras'cal ly, meanly trickish, or dishonest.
proph'e cy, a declaration of something to come.
proph'e sy, to foretell; to predict.

mus'cle, a fleshy organ of motion.
hid'e ous (-us), frightful, horrid.
fos'sil, a substance dug from the earth.
dom'i cile, home, place of fixed residence.
con verg'ing, to incline and approach nearer together.
ac cede', to agree or assent.
de ceit', attempt to mislead.
ei'ther, one or the other.
frag'ile, easily broken.
herb, an annual plant having a soft stalk.
o'a sis or **o a'sis,** a fertile place in a desert.
mu'ti ny, an insurrection.
tim'or ous, timid, fearful.
wag'gish, roguish in merriment.

LESSON XIV.

de crep'it, wasted by the infirmities of age.
a'cre, 160 square rods.
ac'me, top or highest point of a thing.
de mean', to debase; to lower.
hand'ful, as much as the hand will hold.
in'quest, a judicial inquiry.
pe'nult, last syllable but one of a word.
quar'ry, a place where stones are dug.
screen, to conceal.
slop'ing, inclining.
ve neer', to overlay with a thin leaf of superior material.
ses'sion, actual sitting of a court.
pre cise', excessively nice or exact.
huff'y, puffed up, arrogant.
guar'an ty, a security; to indemnify.
guest, a visitor.
ha bit'u al, according to habit.
fam'i ly, a household; lineage.
en no'ble, to dignify.
en gross', to copy in a large, fair hand.
creep, to move along, as a worm.
cra'zy, deranged, decrepit.
be nign', kind, generous.
col'o ny, a country colonized.
bus'y, to employ; to occupy.
buoy, to keep afloat.
al'ien (al'yen), a foreigner; an unnaturalized resident of a country.
a'li as, otherwise called.
bea'ver, an amphibious animal and his fur.
cor rupt', to lose purity.

pane, a plate of glass.
pit'a pat, in a flutter.
realm, kingdom, department.
term, any limited time.
ve'hi cle, instrument of communication.
va ri'e ty, a number of different things.
rein, to hold back.
oth'er, additional, not this but the contrary.
in'no cent, free from guilt.
fu'gi tive, escaping from duty.
pa cif'ic, suited to make peace.
oys'ter, a kind of mollusk.
ped'al, pertaining to a foot.
stile, a set of steps over a wall or fence.
whole, all, not defective.
ri'val, to strive to equal or excel.
snore, to breathe with a hoarse noise in sleep.
hur'ry, to move hastily.
ex treme', utmost, last, final.
dis praise', to censure; to blame.

LESSON XV.

en com'pass (-cum-), to enclose.
boom'er ang, a remarkable missile that when thrown returns to the thrower.
boo'sy, boo'zy, a little intoxicated.
im por'tant, momentous.
plau'si ble, superficially pleasing.
an'ti qua ted, grown old.
an neal', to render less brittle.
an'nu lar, having the form of a ring.
gi gan'tic, very large.
dai'ly, happening every day.
fur'lough, leave of absence.
ac cus'tom, to become familiar with.
sluice, a floodgate.
de bris' (da brē'), ruins, rubbish.
grieve, to mourn.
a'pron (-purn), a covering for the fore part of the dress.
quar'rel, an angry dispute.
de cep'tion, act of deceiving.
a'gen cy, office or duties of an agent.
cleave, to divide; to split.
vane, a weathercock.
vain, proud.
o'val, egg-shaped.
ag'ile, active, nimble.
le'ni ent, mild, soft, merciful.
ra'ti o (-shi), relation of one thing to another.
aw'ful, dreadful, fearful.
ge ol'o gy, science which treats of the earth's structure.

vi'tal, pertaining to life.
pi'e ty, zealous devotion to the service of God.
dis hon'or (diz-), want of honor; disgrace.
or'de al, a severe trial.
dis syl'la ble, a word of only two syllables.
assault', a sudden attack.
tongue, fleshy organ in the mouth.
fete (fate), a festival.
fate, destiny, lot.
fau'na (faw-), the animals of any given area.
flo'ra, the flowers native in a given locality.
ex pense', disbursement, outlay.
wi'ly, artful, sly.
cat'er pil lar, a grub.
po'lar, pertaining to one of the poles.
car'ol, a song of joy.
a dieu', good bye.
hy e'na, a ferocious animal.
fer'vor, heat, zeal.
ad vice', counsel.
ad vise', to counsel.
e rase', to expunge.

LESSON XVI.

hei'nous (ha-), atrocious; very wicked.
di lem'ma, a difficult choice.
clem'en cy, a disposition to treat with lenity.
loz'enge, a small cake of medicine.
zeph'yr, a soft breeze; a kind of yarn.
nic'o tine (-tin), the active principle of the tobacco plant.
con ge'ni al, of the same nature.
leg'i ble, capable of being read.
sur'geon (-jun), one who treats diseases by manual operations.
jo'vi al, gay, merry.
ma chine', anything used to change the direction or application of force.
su'mach, a shrub used in medicine.
fam'ine, general scarcity of food.
gran'ite, a hard rock composed of feld-spar, mica and quartz.
an'ec dote, a short story or incident.
max'i mum, the greatest quantity.
min'i mum, the smallest quantity.
sanc'tum, a sacred place.

un prej'u diced, free from undue bias.
tur'nip, a common garden plant.
gen e al'o gy, pedigree of a person or family.
ver'ti cal, perpendicular to the horizon.
con ta'gion, transmission of a disease by contact.
in fec'tion, a prevailing disease.
nee'dle, an instrument to sew with.
fac'ile, easy, pliant.
in fer'nal, hellish.
ap'er ture, an opening.
chan'nel, course of a stream.
sub'urb, outskirts of a city.
em bas'sa dor, } a minister of
am bas'sa dor, } the highest rank sent by one government to another as the personal representative of the sovereign.
au'ger, a tool to bore holes.
gam'bol, to skip or sport about.
com par'a tive, estimated by comparison.
gam'ble, to play for money or other stake.
sul'phur, brimstone.
em'bas sy, public function of an embassador.
con'sul, an officer of a government appointed to protect its citizens in a foreign country.
col'or, hue, tint, paint.
bro cade' (-kade), cloth with a raised pattern.
rep'tile, a creeping animal.
guar an tee', } a surety.
guar'an ty, }
gen'ius (-yus), superior mental power.
e vap'o rate, to fly off in vapor.
sab'bath, the day of rest.
Sun'day, the first day of the week.
e con'o mize, to use frugally.
ow'ing, due.
eas'el (ez-), a wooden frame on which pictures are placed while being painted.
bug'a boo, something frightful; a bugbear.

LESSON XVII.

gnash, to grind.
cu'cum ber, fruit of a well known plant.
sal'ad, a preparation of herbs.
pop'lar, a kind of tree.
el'e phant, a well known animal.
ex cel', to surpass.
ac'ci dent, a chance event.
ad vise', to give advice to.

a bate'ment, a remitting.
con trol', restraint, check.
par'ti san, an adherent to a party.
shep'herd, one who tends sheep.
al'pha bet, the letters of a language.
sta'tion er y, paper, pens, ink, etc.
sta'tion a ry, fixed, stable.
vis'i tor, one who visits.
nar rate' or **nar'rate,** to tell or rehearse.
muz'zle, mouth of a thing.
ab'di cate, to withdraw from.
a cad'e my, an educational institution.
con fess', to admit.
dog'ged, surlily obstinate.
par'son, a clergyman.
va lise', a small sack or case.
ran'som, release from bondage.
do main', estate, landed property.
haugh'ty, proud.
pa rol', **pa role',** } oral declaration.
ex hib'it (egs-hib-), to display.
brogue, a corrupt manner of speech.
beau'ty, that which pleases the eye.
wom'an, an adult female.
verge, the edge.
li'bra ry, a collection of books.
chim'ney, a flue.
sa loon', a public drinking house.
par'rot, a talking bird.
bed'stead, a frame for supporting a bed.
coupe (coo pa'), a vehicle.
mit'ten, a covering for the hand without fingers.
scalp, skin of top of head.
mete, to measure.
meet, to come together.
pal'ate, the roof of the mouth.
perch, a kind of fish.
lil'y, a flower.
jun'ior, younger.
pan'el, as in doors.
pul'ley, a mechanical contrivance.
nee'dle, a small sharp instrument.

LESSON XVIII.

ner'vous, sinewy; having diseased nerves.
ti'ny, very small.
en'er gy, inherent power; vigor.
gos'ling (goz-), a young goose.
cer tif'i cate, a written declaration.
cal'i co, a cloth made of cotton.

stat'ute, a law made by a legislature.
daub, to paint coarsely.
stom'ach, organ in which food is digested.
tithe, the tenth part of anything.
sher'iff, an executive officer of a county.
el'i gi ble, qualified.
bag'gage, luggage.
cal'en dar, an almanac.
al'co hol, highly rectified spirits.
scis'sors, small shears.
ar'a ble, tillable.
blos'som, the flower of a plant.
liz'ard, a kind of reptile.
gest'ure, a motion when speaking.
bal'lad, a short narrative poem.
re past', a meal; food.
ship'ped, sent, despatched.
ca'ret (ka-), a mark which indicates an omission.
tu i'tion, teaching, schooling.
a bol'ish, to put an end to.
lynch, to punish without legal trial.
pi'vot, pin on which anything turns.
ca the'dral, principal church of a diocese.
o'val, egg-shaped.
de vice', a contrivance.
de vise', to bequeath; to contrive.
cease, to leave off.
ba na'na, a tropical tree and its fruit.
par'a ble, a fable or story to illustrate some doctrine.
fuch'si a, a plant and its flower.
bach'e lor, an unmarried man.
arc'tic, northern.
an nul', to abolish.
tough, not brittle.
cu'po la, a cup-shaped roof.
pos sess', to have as an owner.
el'e ment, one of the constituent parts.
fi'nis, the end.
quire, 24 sheets of paper.
ra'di us, a straight line from center to circumference.
cou'pon, an interest check cut from a bond.
sur'name, the family name.
gai'ter, a covering for the ankle.

LESSON XIX.

nail, an iron spike.
mov'a ble, capable of being moved.
par'ry, to turn aside.
rev'el ry, loose or mirthful festivity.
tep'id, lukewarm.
term, a limit, to call.

cen'ter, cen'tre, the middle.

yacht (yot), a small pleasure vessel.

wor'ry, to harass; to mangle.

wres'tle, to contend.

pu'tre fy, to decay; to become rotten.

pli'a ble, flexible; easily bent.

ac'cent, manner of pronunciation.

con sum'mate, complete, perfect.

o bit'u a ry, a register of deaths.

ob'so lete, disused; grown out of use.

shab'by, mean, paltry

tu bu lar (tu-), resembling a pipe.

nas'cent, growing, increasing.

myrrh, an aromatic gum.

dis hon'or (diz-), to disgrace; to render infamous.

con vey', to carry from one place to another.

con'sul, an official agent abroad.

coun'cil, an assembly for consultation.

coun'sel, advice; an attorney.

nor'mal, relating to principles; upright.

scum, that which rises to the top of liquor.

yearn, to feel great anxiety.

yell, to cry out in agony or horror.

nei'ther, not either.

mot'to, a sentence added to a device.

im peach', to accuse by public authority.

im pede' (-pēd), to hinder; to obstruct.

fringe, to adorn with fringes.

fran'tic, mad, distracted.

e lu'sion, artifice, evasion.

em'a nate, to proceed from something else.

con'ju gal, connubial.

clue (clew), that which serves as a guide.

cher'ub, an angel.

cher'u bim, the plural of cherub.

bawl, to cry out.

a miss', improperly, wrongfully.

pour, to let out or empty.

ru'mor, popular report.

un curbed', unrestrained, licentious.

wa'ger, to pledge as a bet.

wain'scot, inner wooden covering of a wall.

sheath, the case of anything.

sheathe, to inclose in a sheath.

LESSON XX.

a bridge′, to shorten; to contract.
bat tal′ion, a body of soldiers from 200 to 1,000.
con′tro ver sy, a quarrel; a debate.
shoal, shallow; obstructed by banks.
tem′per a ture, degree of heat.
tat′ter, to tear; to make ragged.
va′ri a ble, changeable, fickle.
vas′sal, a dependent; a slave.
wheeze, to breathe with a noise.
talk′a tive, full of talk; loquacious.
pan a ce′a, a remedy for all diseases.
la′va, melted matter ejected from volcanoes.
vol ca′noes, the plural of volcano.
lan′guor, want of strength or spirit.
im pugn, to assault; to reproach.
hi lar′i ty, gayety, mirth.
her′e sy, error in religion.
re lig′ion, virtue; reverence of God.
hil′lock, a little hill.
her′it age, an estate derived by inheritance.
dis creet, wise, considerate.
con vene,′ to call together; to assemble.
bar′rier, a boundary; a defense.
as sign′, to appoint; to mark out.
ash′y, pale; like ashes.
ar′se nal, a magazine for military stores.
pas′sage, act of passing; a road.
par′a dise, the garden of Eden.
scowl, to frown; to pout.
va′ri e gate, to diversify with colors.
won′der, to marvel; to doubt; to admire.
sev′er ance, a separation
sen′ate, an assembly of councilors.
ren′e gade, a deserter; an apostate.
re main′, to continue; to endure.
poul′tice, a healing application.
po′rous, full of passages or pores.
phon′ic, pertaining to a sound.
no ta′ri al, done by a notary.
lar′cen y, a petty theft or robbery.
knoll, the top of a hill.
i′dol ize, to worship; to dote upon.
hymn, a spiritual song.

foi'ble, one's weak side; a failing.
eke, to prolong or increase.
em bel'lish, to beautify; to adorn.
bo'som, the breast.
af front', to insult; to provoke.
a byss', a fathomless pit or gulf.
spi'nal, belonging to the backbone.

LESSON XXI.

dis ap point', to deceive; to defeat expectation.
di'o cese, the jurisdiction of a bishop.
ba zar, a market.
com mute', to buy off; to exchange; to shorten.
co los'sal, large, gigantic.
par'lia ment, the grand assembly of Great Britain.
pro gress'ive, going forward.
ren'o vate, to renew; to invigorate.
serv'i tude, the state of a slave.
ten'dril, the clasper of a vine.
ten' e ment, a house held by a tenant.
val e dic'to ry, a farewell oration.
u to'pi an, ideal, imaginary.
val'id, strong, efficacious.
rep'ar a ble, that may be repaired.
re gale', to refresh; to entertain.
par'son, a clergyman or priest.
nap'less, threadbare.
in oc'u late, to graft.
mu se'um, a repository of curiosities.
scal'lop, to mark or indent the edge.
ret'ro spect, review of past events.
dis cern'ment, power of discerning.
dig'ni fy, to advance; to honor.
con'fis cate, to forfeit private property to the state.
blud'geon, a short, thick weapon.
ab bre vi a'tion, act of shortening.
caus'tic, burning, corroding.
ir re vers'i ble, that cannot be reversed.
in vin'ci ble, unconquerable.
par'ox ysm, the fit of a disease that has remissions.
ab struse', hidden, difficult.
bil'ious, full of bile.
bill'iards, a certain game with balls and sticks.
hin'der ance, an impediment.
hes'i tan cy, doubt, uncertainty.
in fi del'i ty, want of faith.

pas'tern, the lower part of a horse's leg.
par'ti cle, a small part.
scrub, to rub hard with something coarse.
va'ri ous, different, diversified.
use'ful ness, quality of being useful.
un wea'ried, not tired.
frol'ic, a wild prank.
smug'gle, to import goods illegally.
par'tial, favoring only one party.
par'cel, to divide and distribute in part.
in'tel lect, understanding.
in tel'li gence, notice, knowledge.
dis dain', scorn; contemptuous anger.

LESSON XXII.

des ig na'tion, act of pointing out.
har'ness, an armor of a soldier or horse.
froze, to congeal.
peace'a ble, free from tumult.
ped'dler, one who peddles.
su per sti'tion, belief in omens.
con'sci en'tious ly, in accordance with the directions of conscience.
fra'grant, odorous, sweet-scented.
rol'lick ing, to move in a frolicsome manner.
pet'al or **pe'tal,** one of the colored leaves of a flower.
os tens'i bly, in an ostensible manner.
op por tu'ni ty, fit or convenient time.
ac com mo da'tions, whatever supplies a want.
glo'ri ous ly, in a commendable manner.
com mend'a ble, praiseworthy.
dis tress'ing, to cause pain or anguish.
fem'i nine, pertaining to or like a female.
pi az'za, a kind of portico.
ce lib'a cy, bachelorship.
ef'fi ca cy, power to produce effects.
ben e fi cial, conferring benefits; useful.
en cour'age ment, that which serves to support.
ful fill' or **ful fil',** to make full or complete.
em'i nent, marked; conspicuous; exalted in rank.
im'mi nent, threatening.
Jap a nese, pertaining to Japan.
lu'cra tive, profitable.

u nique, novel; without a match or equal.
cu ri os'i ties, those things which excite inquiry.
inquir'y, a question; a search for truth.
an tique', old; a relic of antiquity.
de nom i na'tion, a collection called by the same name.
cir'cu la ting, passing around.
em ploy e', one who is employed.
rep re sen ta'tion, that which represents.
lit'er al ly, in an actual manner.
im mense', unlimited; very great.
quan'ti ties, large amounts.
spar'ing, scarce, saving.
com'merce, extended trade or traffic.
rec om mend', to commend to the favorable notice of another.
hoard'ed, laid up; stored secretly.
il lus'trate, to make clear; to exemplify.
mag nif'i cent, grand in appearance.
coun'ter feit, a likeness; an imposture.
fac sim'i le, an exact copy.
con spic'u ous ly, in a marked manner.
in creas'ing, adding to; growing larger.
con'se quent ly, by natural connection.
priv'i lege, a right not enjoyed by others.

LESSON XXIII.

sal'u ta ry, promoting health.
an nounce'ment, proclamation, declaration.
nar'row, not wide.
con crete', to form into a mass.
con'crete, united in a solid form.
pos'si ble, capable of happening.
prom e nade', to walk for amusement.
ces sa'tion, act of ceasing.
fas ci na'tion, a charm; a spell.
ful fil'ment, } execution, com-
ful fill'ment, } pletion.
beg'gar, one who begs.
eu'chre, a game at cards.
il lic'it, unlawful, prohibited.
suf'frage, a vote.
con trol', that which checks, restrains, or hinders.
con trol'la ble, capable of being controlled.
ba'sin, a hollow space.

com pel', to drive or urge irresistibly.
com pel la'tion, manner of address.
ac cuse', to charge with a crime.
ev'i dence, means of proof.
fem'i nine, pertaining to a female.
mas'cu line, pertaining to a male.
op po'nent, adverse; one who opposes.
me ri'no (-re-), a variety of sheep.
mer'cy, tenderness, pity.
pa'gan, a heathen, an idolater.
qua'si, as if; in a manner.
re viv'al, act of reviving.
re vere', to regard with fear mingled with respect.
mer'chant a ble, fit for market.
rev'e nue, proceeds or income.
mer'can tile, commercial.
a cross', from side to side.
hy'drant, a pipe at which water may be drawn from mains.
comb, the cells in which bees store honey.
col'umn, a perpendicular set of lines.
pitch'er, a vessel with a spout for pouring liquors.
ream, 480 or 500 sheets of paper.
rav'el, to take apart.
so lil'o quy, a talking to one's self.
whiff, a sudden puff of air.
oc curred', did occur.
vil'lage, a hamlet or town.
stat'ure, natural height of the body.
murk'y, dark. obscure.
in ter fer'ence, an interposition.
league, an alliance; a compact.
huz za', a shout of joy.
es'cort, a guard; protection on a journey.

LESSON XXIV.

ba rom'e ter, an instrument to weigh the air.
a wait', to look for; to attend.
com mend'a ble, worthy, laudable.
di vin'i ty, Deity; the divine nature.
diz'zy, whirling, giddy.
il leg'i ble, that cannot be read.
hy'dro gen, an inflammable gas.
lan'guage, human speech.
noc tur'nal, nightly; pertaining to night.

lat'i tude, breadth, width.
par'al lel, extending in the same direction.
per'ti nent, fit; just to the purpose.
rar'e fy, to make thin.
rar'i ty, something curious; uncommonness.
u til'i ty, usefulness, profit.
vag'a bond, a vagrant.
ne go'ti a ble, that may be negotiated.
jar, to clash; to quarrel.
fig'u ra tive, not literal.
fic ti'tious, feigned, counterfeit.
cede, to yield; to give up.
cat'e go ry, a class, or rank.
at tempt', to try; to endeavor.
bal'ance, to make equal.
in ces'sant, continued, constant.
gig'gle, to titter.
gal'lop, the swift gait of a horse.
con va lesce', to recover health; to grow strong.
con tempt'i ble, deserving scorn.
bul'wark, a fortification; a security.
buoy'an cy, the quality of floating.
ag'o nize, to suffer extreme pain.
gran'a ry, a store-house for grain.
in'fi nite, boundless, immense.
ma te'ri al, important; relating to matter.
pros'e lyte, a convert to some new opinion.
ship'ping, vessels of navigation; tonnage.
skil'ful or skill'ful, dextrous, knowing.
win'ner, the one who wins.
zeph'yr, a soft gentle wind.
vir'tu al ly, in effect merely.
vi cin'i ty, state of being near.
pas'time, sport, recreation.
myr'i ad, a very large number.
las civ'i ous, loose, wanton.
her'o ine, a female hero.
her'e tic, one who errs in religious faith.
guard'i an, one who has the care of another.
con va les' cent, recovering health.
co a lesce', to grow together.

LESSON XXV.

al'ma nac, yearly calendar of months, weeks, days, etc.
di min'u tive, small, little.
per en'ni al, perpetual; lasting more than one year.
dis a gree'a ble, unpleasant.
or'di nance, a law especially of a city or village.
ord'nance, heavy weapons of warfare.

mis cel la'ne ous, of various kinds.

rec'i pe, a prescription for making some combination.

re ceipt', a recipe; a written acknowledgment of payment.

mal'a dy, disease.

cat'a ract, a waterfall; a disease of the eye.

sem'i na ry, a place of education.

cem'e ter y, a grave-yard.

grate'ful, thankful.

pla'gia rism, passing off another's writing as one's own.

trill'ion, an order in the enumeration of figures.

vac'u um, empty space.

cen'sus, an official enumeration of the inhabitants.

Fah'ren heit (fä-ren-hīt), name applied to a system of measuring temperature.

sar sa pa ril'la, a plant with a medicinal root.

shut'tle, a weaver's instrument.

gaz et teer', a geographical dictionary.

cat'e chism, a form of instruction by questions and answers.

o'er (ōr), contracted from over.

cin'der, refuse of burnt coal, etc.

fur'nace, an enclosed place where a hot fire is kept for melting metals or warming a house.

an i mos'i ty, hatred.

ag'o nize, to afflict with agony.

spec ta'tor, a looker on.

stu'pe fy, to make insensible.

vi cis'si tude, change.

ob'se quies, funeral solemnities.

de lin'quent (de-ling-), failing in duty.

sas'sa fras, a tree whose root has a bark much used in medicine.

laud'a num, a tincture of opium.

cam'phor, a white gum of an Asiatic tree.

com'pe tent, qualified, fit.

ac cor'di on, a small musical instrument.

me lo'de on, a reed instrument furnished with a keyboard and bellows.

qui'nine or **qui nine',** a substance made from Peruvian bark.

ped'a gogue, a schoolmaster.

dem'a gogue, an artful politician.

spon ta'ne ous, voluntary; produced of itself.

ga'ble, triangular end of a house.

gab'ble, to chatter; loud or rapid talk without meaning.

vin'e gar, an acid liquor used as a relish.

vict'uals, food, eatables.

sat'ire, a ridiculing speech or essay.

as sess', to tax.

ap prais'er, one who sets a price upon anything.

LESSON XXVI.

scut'tle, a coal hod; a small square hole.

ves'ti bule, a hall or porch next the entrance to a house.

lin'e a ment, feature, outline.

tel'e scope, an instrument for viewing distant objects.

mi'cro scope, an instrument for viewing minute objects.

tel'e phone, an instrument for reproducing articulate speech at a distance.

tel'e graph, an instrument for communicating between distant points by means of signals.

pho'no graph (phō-), an instrument for registering and reproducing sounds.

sac ri le'gious, profane, impious.

an ni'hi late, to destroy utterly.

ten'ant, one who occupies an estate of another.

ten'et, an opinion or doctrine which one holds as true.

Te De'um, an ancient Christian hymn.

tan'dem, at length; one after another.

car'tridge, a case containing the charge for a gun.

ap'pe tite, natural desire; hunger.

souvenir (soov-), a keepsake.

tal'ly ho, the huntsman's cry to urge on his hounds.

par'quet' (par-ka'), the lower floor of a theater; the pit.

par'a graph, a distinct part of a discourse; the mark ¶.

ex cus'a ble, pardonable.

fe lic'i ty, happiness.

big'a my, crime of having two wives or husbands at once.

cym'bal, a musical instrument.

sym'bol, a significant character.

ac'ci dent, that which happens unforeseen.

ab'scess, a collection of pus in a cavity.

prog nos'ti cate, to foretell.

ex cep'tion, exclusive; an objection.

mor'tise, a hole cut in wood for a tenon.

fa cil'i ty, easiness; means that render a thing easy to be done.

wom'en, plural of woman.

ad min is tra'tor, one named by the court to take charge of the estate of a deceased party.

ex ec'u tor, one named in a will by the testator to execute the provisions of will.

mis spell', to spell wrong.

prov i den'tial, effected by the providence of God.

ab'sence, state of being absent.
brev'i ty, conciseness, shortness.
im pan'el, to enroll as jurors.
mis'cre ant, a vile wretch.
de'ist, one who believes in the existence of a God but denies revealed religion.
a'the ism, disbelief in the existence of a God.
ag ri cult'ur ist, one skilled in agriculture; a farmer.
Cal'va ry, the place of Christ's crucifixion.
soph'o more, a student in college in his second year.
fa ce'tious (fa-sē'-shus), witty, humorous.
fac ti'tious, that which is made by labor or effort.
ther mom'e ter, an instrument to measure the temperature.
li'cense, permission; abuse of freedom.

LESSON XXVII.

par'a dise, place of bliss.
lunch'eon, a light meal.
rar'e fy, to make thin.
oc ca'sion, an occurrence; opportunity.
sew'er, an underground drain for water.
dis'ci pline, a training; order or regulation.
ac cu'mu late, to heap up; to amass.
as par'a gus, a garden vegetable.
in iq'ui tous, unjust, wicked.
u ten'sil, any instrument for use.
in i'ti a to ry, introductory.
bev'el, slope of a surface; an instrument.
med'al, a coin with a device.
tes'ta ment, a will.
med'dle, to interfere with others.
neu ral'gi a, a disease of the nerves.
med'i cine, a remedy for a disease.
dan'druff, scurf on the head.
in vei'gle, to entice; to wheedle.
fer'rule, a metal ring on a cane, etc.
fer'ule, a stick to punish children with.
hy poc'ri sy, a feigning to be what one is not.
re'gion, a country or tract.
fir'kin, a quarter barrel.
sen'ior, the elder.
quin'sy, a disease of the throat.
cas'si mere, a thin woolen cloth used for men's wear.
cash'mere, a fine woolen cloth.

sol'i tude, a lonely place.
mar'riage, a wedding.
cam'e o, a stone or shell carved in relief.
li'bra ry, a collection of books, also the building in which it is kept.
hos'pi tal, a house in which the sick are treated.
phys i ol'o gy, science of the functions of the organs of animals.
a nat' o my, science of the structure of animal bodies.
beam, main timber; part of a balance.
flim'sy, weak, thin.
bu'reau (bu'-ro), a chest of drawers.
fierce, eager, ferocious.
ca na'ry, a kind of bird.
bur'y, to put in a grave.
ex cept', to leave out.
af fi da'vit, a written declaration sworn to.
or'na ment, an embellishment.
pre em'i nent, above others; superior.
o'ver alls, trousers worn over pantaloons.
re veal', to discover; to disclose.
ef fect', consequence, issue.
af fect', to influence; to make a show of.
prai'rie, a large level tract without trees.

LESSON XXVIII.

com'ple ment, that which it takes to complete the whole.
com'pli ment, an expression of admiration.
chron'i cle, a register; a record.
plan'ned, designed.
om nip'o tence, unlimited or infinite power.
form'al ly, in a formal manner.
al'ter, to change; to vary.
al'tar, an elevated place on which gifts are offered to some deity.
here to fore', formerly.
for'mer ly, in time past.
al pac'a, an animal having long fine woolly hair; a kind of cloth.
hag'gard, lean, hollow-eyed.
as y'lum, place of refuge.
ap par'el, dress, clothing.
bal'lot, ball or ticket for voting.
gos'sa mer, filmy cobweb; a rubber outer garment.
un er'ring, sure, exact.
re'course, resort for aid.
mack'er el, small sea-fish.

scrof'u la, a disease of the glands.
pen'e trate, to pierce into; to enter.
pneu mo'nia, inflammation of the lungs.
rad'i cal, relating to the root; a person who is ultra liberal.
met'al, a mineral substance having a peculiar luster.
dye'ing, art of coloring cloth.
dy'ing, expiring.
oc'cu py, to hold possession of.
gos'pel, a Christian revelation.
chan de lier', a frame with branches for lights.
pin'na cle, the highest point; a turret.
charge'a ble, capable of being charged.
ar rive', to come to a place.
neg'a tive, that which denies.
ir re proach'a ble, free from blame.
phase, appearance.
eq'ui page, outfit; carriage and retinue.
in cur'a ble, that cannot be cured.
non pa reil', unequaled; a kind of type.
drug'gist, a dealer in drugs.
ea'sy, free from pain; not difficult.
ex or'bi tant, excessive, extravagant.
por' ce lain, a fine earthen ware.
com mo' di ous, convenient, suitable.
con cus'sion, a violent shock.
mur'mur, a low continuous sound; a complaint.
el'e gy, a funeral song.
crev'ice, a crack.
blas' pheme, to speak impiously.
mes'sen ger, bearer of a message.
no'ta ry, an officer who attests signatures.

LESSON XXIX.

bale, package of goods.
bail, security given for a prisoner's appearance.
pan'sy, a kind of violet.
diph the'ri a, a throat disease.
er y sip'e las, an eruptive inflammation.
ty'phus. a continuous fever.
ty'phoid, pertaining to or like typhus.
lieu ten'ant, officer next below a captain.
chirp, the voice of birds or insects.
ty pog'ra phy, art of printing.
grav'i ty, weight, seriousness.

tym'pan um, middle portion of the ear.
par'ti san, a party man.
min'now, a very small fish.
af firm'a tive, in favor of.
neg'a tive, opposed to.
drop'sy, an unnatural collection of serous fluid in any part of the body
hol'i day, a day of exemption from labor.
ag'ri cult ure, cultivation of the field.
hor'ti cult ure, art of cultivating gardens.
ef fi'cien cy, power to effect.
ex ag'ger ate, to heighten; to overstate.
de cis'ion, determination, firmness.
di'a ry, a journal of daily occurrences.
chi can'er y, shifts and tricks to deceive.
pred e ces'sor, one who precedes.
cin'na mon, a spicy bark.
cof'fee, a drink made from the roasted berry of the coffee tree.
co'coa (ko'ko), a drink made from the crushed kernels of the chocolate tree.
choc'o late, a kind of tree, also a paste made from its berry.
chink, a gap or crack; to jingle.
che nille' (she-neel'), tufted cord used in ladies' dresses.
en am'el, a kind of opaque glass; a smooth, hard coating.
ig no ra'mus, an ignorant person.
pe cun'i a ry (-kūn'ya-ri), relating to money.
mus'cle, fleshy fibres; a shellfish.
chintz, cotton cloth printed with flowers and colors.
res'tau rant, an eating-house.
pa ro'chi al, pertaining to a parish.
pier, stone-work to support an arch; wharf.
peer, an equal; a nobleman.
pe can', a kind of hickory and its fruit.
col'lar, something around the neck.
au'to graph, a person's own hand-writing; signature.
au to bi og'ra phy, a memoir or biography of a person written by himself.
smug'gle, to import secretly without paying duty.
an'chor, an iron to hold a ship.
friv'ol ous, trifling, slight.
slight, inconsiderable, slender.
gua'no, a fertilizing substance.

LESSON XXX.

hor i zon′tal, parallel to the horizon.

me rid′i an, noon; highest point; a great circle around the earth.

cred′u lous, too easy of belief.

con cise′, brief, short.

can′ni bal, one who eats human flesh.

ec cen′tric, deviating from the center or normal, hence odd.

strat′e gy, science of military operations.

lic′or ice, a sweet medicinal root; an extract.

gut′ta per′cha, a kind of gum.

scan′dal, defamation, disgrace.

sur′ro gate, a judge of probate.

lin′i ment, soft ointment.

pa ren′the sis, the marks ( ) used to enclose an explanatory clause.

liq′ui date, to clear away; to pay.

con spir′a cy, a plot.

col′league, a partner.

in ter′ro gate, to put questions to.

em′a nate, to flow from.

in cor′ri gi ble, bad beyond reform.

chi rog′ra phy, hand-writing.

squir′rel, a small rodent mammal having a bushy tail.

chi rop′o dist, one who treats diseases of the hands and feet.

man′i cure, one who treats diseases and irregularities of the hand.

gran′a ry, storehouse for grain.

bru nette′ (-net), a woman of dark complexion.

sten′cil, a thin sheet with characters cut out for marking.

a′li as, assumed name.

e clipse′, an obscuration of the light of a celestial body.

mo las′ses, the syrup which drains from sugar in manufacturing it.

ne ces′si ty, that which is unavoidable.

char′ter, an instrument bestowing privileges.

em′i grate, to remove from one's native land.

im′mi grate, to come to a country to reside.

gro tesque′ (-tesk), fantastic.

ve′he mence, violent activity; ardor.

su′i cide, self-murder; a self-murderer.

hom′i cide, the killing of one human being by another.

frat′ri cide, the murder of a brother.

doz'en, twelve.
ap prox'i mate, to draw near.
fleece, the wool of one sheep; to plunder.
sur'cin gle, a girth to bind a saddle.
im plic'it, inferred, unreserved.
ap pen'dix, supplement at the end of a book.
buz'zard, a species of hawk.
del'i cate, dainty, fine, refined, slight.
sub'tle, artful, wily, sly, cunning.
sub'tile, thin, delicate, acute, piercing.
bar'rel, anything long and hollow; a cask.
dumb, speechless, mute.

LESSON XXXI.

suf'fo cate, to stifle; to choke as by smoke.
pre dic'a ment, a trying position.
rout, disorder of defeated troops.
route (root), course, roadway.
e'go tism, self-exaltation.
e'go ism, excessive love of self.
de stroy', to pull down.
bi'as, a leaning, a prejudice.
en'vi a ble, that excites envy.
eq'ui ta ble, just.
dis as'trous, unfortunate, calamitous.
qua drille', a dance of four couples.
glyc'er ine, sweet sticky liquid from fat.
chord, line joining ends of an art; tones in harmony.
cord, a small rope; a solid measure.
wal'let, a little bag.
cor du roy' or **cor'du roy,** a thick cotton stuff ribbed on the surface.
mal'le a ble, that may be spread by beating.
stir'rup, that part of a saddle in which the foot rests.
sor'rel, a plant having an acid taste; yellowish red.
lu'cra tive, profitable.
av a ri'cious, covetous, greedy.
at'las, a collection of maps.
sep'a rate, to put by itself.
rai'sin, a dried grape.
hem'or rhage, a discharge of blood from the blood vessels.
helm'et, defensive armor for the head.
re it'er ate, to repeat again.
cod'i cil, an addition to a will.
com'e dy, a humorous dramatic play.
trag'e dy, a dramatic poem representing a fatal issue.

op'e ra, a musical drama consisting of airs, choruses, recitations, etc.
sum'mit, the top.
may'or, chief magistrate of a city.
cer'e mo ny, outward form.
hic'cough, a convulsive cough.
dic'tion a ry, a book in which words are alphabetically arranged and explained.
bi'cy cle, a vehicle of two wheels tandem.
vogue, fashion, popular use.
in cen'di a ry, one who maliciously burns a house.
ar til'ler y, great guns.
cal'cu lus, a branch of higher mathematics.
forg'er y, crime of counterfeiting.
choir, a band of singers.
quire, 24 sheets of paper.
am mo'ni à, a volatile alkali with a pungent odor.
con nu'bi al, nuptial, matrimonial.
hand'some, beautiful, comely.
buf'fa lo, a species of wild ox.
hy e'na, a carnivorous mammal allied to the dog.

LESSON XXXII.

ob'so lete, gone out of use.
o rig'i nate, to cause to exist.
im mac'u late, spotless, clean.
ex pres'sive, vividly representing.
in cip'i ent, beginning.
bul'le tin, an official account of public news.
lil'y, a plant and its flower.
con tra dict', to oppose by words.
ur'chin, a child.
ar o'ma, sweet odor.
ca pri'cious, fickle.
biv'ouac, to watch all night in the open air.
bag'gage, luggage.
for bid'ding, repulsive.
cas'tor-oil, a cathartic oil.
knap'sack, a soldier's provision bag.
as'sets, property of any kind.
li a bil'i ties, debts owing.
in def'i nite, not definite; vague.
ju di'cious, prudent, discreet.
sup'ple ment, an appendix; an addition.
tem'per ance, moderation.
ed'i fice, a building.
post'script, a part added to a letter.
spe'cial ty, a special object of attention; a sealed instrument.
sym po'si um, a merry feast; a number of discourses on the same subject.

sym'pho ny, a harmony of sounds.
pha'e ton, a four-wheeled open carriage.
ba rouche' (-roosh'), a four-wheeled carriage with falling top.
lan'dau (-daw), a kind of coach whose top may be opened and thrown back.
rock'a way, a low four-wheeled, two seated carriage with full standing top.
in an'i mate, void of life.
au spi'cious, prosperous, favorable.
gos'sip, idle talk; a tattler.
ex traor'di na ry (-tror'), uncommon, remarkable.
home'stead, home place; house and land.
dis com mode', to put to inconvenience.
cha grin', mortification, vexation.
pan o ra'ma, a picture unrolled and made to pass before the spectator.
plumb'er, one who works in lead.
mon'o gram, a character composed of letters interwoven.
a man u en'sis, one who writes what another dictates.
let'tuce, a garden plant.
a bridg'ment, a shortening; a summary.
com mem'o rate, to celebrate.
po lyg'a my, a plurality of wives at the same time.
pol y an'dry, a plurality of husbands at the same time.
ap'o plex y, a disease characterized by sudden loss of sense and voluntary motion.
a pol'o gy, something offered by way of defense; an expression of regret for some action.
nov'ice, a beginner.

LESSON XXXIII.

hoe'ing, digging with a hoe.
cham pagne', a sparkling kind of wine.
cleat, a strip for fastening.
cor'o ner, an officer whose duty it is to enquire the cause of a sudden death.
sim plic'i ty, plainness, artlessness.
re ech'o, to echo back.
en gin eer', a person skilled in the principles of engineering.
si mul ta'ne ous, being at the same time.
mer'ri ment, sport, gayety.
prov'en der, dry food for horses, etc.

gaunt, lean, meager.
e quiv'o cal, of double meaning.
con va les'cent, recovering health.
dis burse', to spend or lay out.
ha rangue', a disputatious address.
o ra'tion, an elaborate and prepared speech.
dec la ma'tion, a speech accompanied by great rhetorical display.
im'ple ment, an instrument.
in'sti gate, to urge to do.
an ni ver'sa ry, the annual recurrence of an event.
pe nin'su la, land almost surrounded by water.
dis par'age, to bring reproach upon.
in ter cede', to plead for another.
tar'la tan, a book-muslin.
stag'nant, not running.
at tor'ney, an agent; a lawyer.
ge og'ra phy, that which treats of the earth and its inhabitants.
ad ver'si ty, affliction, calamity.
ad'mi ra ble, worthy of admiration.
vict'uals, food.
ma tu'ri ty, ripeness; termination of the time a note has to run.
satch'el, a small traveling bag.
cau'cus, a meeting to nominate candidates.
rep'u ta ble, of good repute.
i tin'er ant, wandering; one who is unsettled.
waltz, a revolving dance, also the music for it.
strych'nine, a common poison.
her'ring, a small sea-fish.
der'rick, an apparatus for hoisting heavy weights.
seize, to grasp; to take by force.
por'ti co, a covered walk; a porch.
ex cite', to rouse or stir up.
prompt, quick, ready.
in con ceiv'a ble, not possible to be conceived.
as sign'ment, a transfer of property.
glu'cose, a peculiar kind of sugar in various juices.
mut'u al, reciprocally acting.
crim'son, a deep red color.
a vid'i ty, eagerness; greediness.
bowl, a vessel for holding liquids.

LESSON XXXIV.

tran'sient (-shent), passing over or along, hence fleeting.

en'ter prise, a bold undertaking.

mag is te'ri al, pertaining to a master or judge.

di rec'to ry, a book giving names and addresses of inhabitants.

gouge, a scooping chisel; to cheat.

cal'en der, a hot press; to smooth cloth or paper.

re spon'si ble, answerable.

mus'cu lar, strong, sinewy.

un prin ci pled, immoral; devoid of principle.

com mu'ni cate, to impart; to have intercourse.

ex cru'ci ate, to torture.

le git'i mate, lawful, genuine.

com'mis sa ry, an officer who has charge of the provisions of an army.

com plex'ion, color of the skin or face.

com pla'cent, accompanied with pleasure.

com plai'sant (-zent), kindly attentive; affable.

bi og'ra phy, history of one's life.

cir cu'it ous, round about.

pos'i tive, actual, certain.

sum'ma ry, short, compendious.

ac com'mo date, to oblige; to adopt.

vi'cious, addicted to vice.

a lac'ri ty, readiness.

el lipse', an oval figure.

fu'mi gate, to smoke; to cleanse.

ab'sti nence, a refraining from some indulgence.

vi cin'i ty, neighborhood, nearness.

in es'ti ma ble, incapable of being estimated.

ad dress', to speak or write to.

as cer tain', to make certain.

in tro duc'to ry, preliminary.

mis in ter'pret, to interpret wrongly.

un de'vi a ting, straightforward.

des'pic a ble, contemptible, mean.

du'pli cate, double, two-fold.

ser'vice a ble, useful.

ig no min'i ous, infamous, disgraceful.

sub scrip'tion, consent given by underwriting the name.

per ceive', to see; to discern.

sumpt'u ous, costly, splendid.

mo ment'ous, important.

pal'li ate, to excuse or extenuate.

con tam'i nate, to corrupt by defiling contact.

por'poise (-pus), a kind of small whale.

pre lim'i na ry, preparatory.
com pli'ance, concession, obedience.
rec're ate, to refresh; to invigorate.
tech'nic al, belonging to the arts or to a particular art.
prod'i gal, profuse, wasteful.
var'i a ble, changeable.

LESSON XXXV.

man'age, to conduct, or control.
dif'fi cult, not easy.
act'u al, real.
ex te'ri or, outward surface.
mem'o ra ble, worthy to be remembered.
syl'van, relating to woods.
fi nan'cial, pertaining to finance.
de ris'ion, scorn, mockery.
I'll, abbreviation of I will.
aisle (il), a passage in a church.
en cir'cle, to surround.
gym nas'tics, athletic exercises.
hov'er, to hang above or move about near.
knoll, a round hillock.
mul'ti tude, many; a crowd.
bier, a carriage for the dead.
af fec ta'tion, artificial show; pretense.
fun da ment'al, pertaining to the foundation.
dis perse', to scatter.
sol'id, a firm, compact body.
swath, a line of vegetation cut by a scythe.
com plete', perfect, finished.
des'ti tute, in want; poor.
req'ui site, necessary; required by the nature of things.
mor'tal, liable to die.
om'e let, a fritter made chiefly of eggs.
o le o mar'ga rine, artificial butter.
sub'stance, essential part; body.
ob'vi ous, plain, evident.
gui tar', a stringed instrument of music.
ex ploit', a deed; a feat.
u ni vers'al ism, belief that all men will be saved.
slug'gard, a lazy fellow.
yew, an evergreen tree.
ewe (yu) a female sheep.
you, a pronoun of the second person.
sub pœ'na, a writ commanding the attendance of a witness; under penalty.
sum'mons, a notice to appear in court at a day specified.
fort'night, two weeks.

for'ti eth, one of forty equal parts.
salt'-cellar, a small vessel for salt.
o pos'sum, an American quadruped.
ac quit'tal, formal release from a charge.
mu nic'i pal, pertaining to a public corporation.
main'tain, to keep or support.
a pos'tle, one sent to preach the gospel.
com mit'tee, persons appointed to manage a matter.
nine'ti eth, one of ninety equal parts of anything.
in er'tia, indisposition to move or to stop when in motion.
au'to crat, an absolute sovereign.

LESSON XXXVI.

rhet'o ric, the art of elegant and accurate composition.
knack, dexterity.
lig'a ment, the membrane connecting the bones.
lin'i ment, a species of soft ointment.
lin'e a ment, the outline; feature.
shriek, to cry shrilly.
de sir'ous, eager, solicitous.
in con'stant, changeable, fickle.
wheel'bar row, a hand carriage with one wheel.
strength, quality of being strong.
e lab'o rate, to produce or perfect with labor.
hu man'i ty, mankind, kindness.
im'pi ous, irreligious, profane.
ere, before, sooner than.
air, the atmosphere.
es py', to keep watch upon; to catch sight of.
es'cu lent, fit to be eaten.
salm'on, a kind of fish.
doc'trine, a thing taught.
re lapse', to fall back.
in ef fi'cient, effecting nothing; habitually remiss.
prac'ti ca ble, that may be done.
prac'ti cal, capable of being turned to use.
pre cep'tor, a teacher.
ad ja'cent, near, contiguous.
mul ti plic'i ty, manifold or various.
re su me' (rā-za-mā'), a brief recapitulation.
re sume', to enter upon or take up again.
horse'rad ish, a common plant and its root.
fuzz, fine light particles.

ma hog'a ny, a tree of tropical America and its wood.
mar'tin, a bird of the swallow kind.
mar'ten, a weasel-like animal.
ep'och, a fixed time from which succeeding years are numbered.
dif'fi dent, distrustful, modest.
lus'cious, sweet, delicious.
lunch'eon, food taken at any time except at a regular meal.
cus'tom a ry, according to custom.
mor'ti fy, to corrupt; to humble.
ab'so lute, complete, certain.
ex pe'di ent, suitable means to accomplish an end.
des'ul to ry, inconstant, loose, cursory.
bap tize', to administer baptism.
brag'gart, a boaster.
gram'mar, a book to teach the science of language.
in'cense, perfume exhaled by fire.
knead, to work and press as dough.
need, to require.
cour a'geous, possessing courage.
be lieve', to credit; to have belief.

LESSON XXXVII.

ma'ni ac, an insane person.
breathe, to respire; to live.
trans pire', to pass off in insensible perspiration.
hogs'head, a cask of 63 gallons.
dis fran'chise, to dispossess of any right of a citizen.
traf'fick ing, to barter; to trade.
fab'ric, cloth.
las'si tude, weariness.
se vere', rigid, harsh.
con fes'sion, an acknowledgment.
de lib'er ate, to consider; to reflect.
rar'i ty, scarcity, thinness.
gal'lows (-lus), scaffold for hanging criminals.
se cede', to withdraw from fellowship.
pyr'a mid, a solid body standing on any base except a circle and tapering to a point.
pu'ri tan, a dissenter from the Church of England in the time of Queen Elizabeth.
pur'view, scope, extent.
purge, to cleanse or purify.
in ter'pret, to explain; to translate.

cre ma'tion, act of burning.
through, done; from end to end.
threw, did throw.
hap'pi ly, joyously.
puzzle, something which perplexes.
coun'ter-pane, a coverlet.
clique, a faction; a party.
cra vat', a neckcloth.
mien, bearing, demeanor.
mean, base, vile, middle.
ver'i ly, in truth.
an tag'o nist, opponent, enemy.
an tic'i pate, to foresee.
heir, one who inherits.
ter'ri ble, dreadful, frightful.
re frig'er a tor, a box for keeping articles cool.
va ri'e ty, change, diversity
re is'sue, to issue a second time.
dig'ni ty, elevated conduct.
ac ces'si ble, approachable.
gra'tis, for nothing; freely.
zeal'ous, full of zeal.
bar'ri er, a defense; a bar.
anx i'e ty, solicitude about some uncertain or future event.
aph'thong, a letter or combination of letters having no sound.
on'ion, a common garden plant.
pa trol', to go the rounds in a camp.
pec'u late, to steal public moneys committed to one's care.
freight, to load.
bru'tal, savage, cruel.

LESSON XXXVIII.

bib'lical, relating to the scriptures.
choose, to pick out; to select.
cho'sen, selected.
can'ta leup, } a delicate va-
can'ta loupe, } riety of musk-melon.
naph'tha, rock oil.
mut'ton-chop, a rib of mutton for broiling, having the bone chopped at the small end.
awk'ward, unhandy, clumsy.
stom'ach, organ in which food is digested.
ac cept'a ble, agreeable, worthy.
fi'er y, full of fire.
in ju di'cious, not according to sound judgment.
in i'ti ate, to begin; to introduce into a society.
de pre'ci ate, to lower the price of.
hy'phen, the mark (-) joining the parts of a compound word.

scourge, a whip; affliction.
ge ra'ni um, a common house-plant.
e van'gel ist, a preacher not allowed to administer the eucharist.
ev o lu'tion, the act of unfolding; developing.
de vel'op, to disclose; to unfold gradually.
en vel'op, to wrap up.
en vel'op, en'vel ope, a wrapper, especially of a letter.
ep'i logue, a short address to the spectators recited after the conclusion of a play.
con'science, the faculty which decides on the moral legality of our actions and affections.
ad'jec tive, a word used with a noun or substantive to describe or limit it.
le fal ca'tion, an embezzlement of funds.
ras'cal, a villain.
in fal'li ble, unerring, certain.
sov'er eign, supreme in power; a gold coin.
ty pog'ra phy, the art of printing.
hip po pot'a mus, a large African quadruped.
fath'om, a measure of 6 feet.
pom'pous, ostentatious.
lac'er ate, to tear; to rend.
lac'te al, pertaining to milk; an absorbent vessel.
cy'clone, a rotary storm or whirlwind.
whirl'wind, a violent storm moving around an axis.
hur'ri cane, a violent storm characterized by the extreme fury of the wind and its sudden changes.
hy dro pho'bi a, a preternatural dread of water; canine madness.
ro'ta ry, ro'ta to ry, turning on an axis.
rue, to lament; to regret.
pro ceed', to go on; to advance.
tur'pen tine, a resinous juice from pine, etc.
as sail'ant, one who assaults.
jos'tle (-sl), to hit against.
re buff', sudden check; to repel.
horde, a migratory tribe.
cal lig'ra phy, elegant penmanship.
cal'lous (an adj.), hardened.
cal'lus, a preternatural hardness of the skin.
liq'uor, a liquid; strong drink.

LESSON XXXIX.

ri dic'u lous, fitted to excite ridicule.

jaun'dice, a disease producing yellowness of the eyes and skin.

chow'der, a kind of fish or clam stew.

tal'ent, special gift or ability.

bait, to put food upon, as a hook.

naught'y, worthless, bad.

o'dor, scent, fragrance.

whis'tle, to make a shrill musical sound.

cir'cus, an arena for feats of horsemanship, etc.

in ces'sant, unceasing.

sau'cy, impudent, insolent.

o bey', to do as told.

char'i ty, disposition to do good to others.

a'mi a ble, worthy of love.

am phib'i ous, adapted for living on land or in water.

pre sump'tion, strong probability.

su per scribe', to write on the top, outside or surface.

sub scribe', to write under; to sign with one's own hand.

cous'in, a child of an uncle or aunt.

rig'ging, ropes of a ship.

cor'pu lent, having an excessive quantity of flesh.

fick'le, changeable.

i'ron (i'urn), a common metal.

sig'na ture, one's name written by himself.

treach'er y, breach of trust.

pus'tule, a pimple containing pus.

crys'tal, a fine glass.

cap'tain, a commander.

im mense', vast; very large.

de fi'cient, having defect.

mis'er a ble, wretched.

mis'chief, harm.

pres'ents, gifts.

pres'ence, state of being present.

prev'a lent, extensively existing.

va'ry, to change.

de mur', to stop; to raise an objection.

pen' ance, suffering inflicted for sin.

con vey'ance, a vehicle.

u ni ver'si ty, a school for all branches of learning.

col'lege, an establishment for education of a high order.

chem'ic al, relating to chemistry.

sub'sti tute, to put in the place of another.

bar'gain, contract; a favorable purchase.

seine (sēn), a large fishing net.

pros'e cute, to sue at law.
per'se cute, to pursue in a manner to vex or afflict.
re cite', to repeat.
pres' tige, influence coming from past success.
pre sent'i ment, anticipation of evil.

LESSON XL.

di ur'nal, daily.
foun'tain, source.
in clem'ent, stormy; very cold.
con ces'sion, a grant.
ex on'er ate (egs-), to relieve of as a charge.
crit'i cise, to examine carefully and judge.
haz'ard, risk, chance.
ho'sier y, hose in general.
ar'gu ment, a reason alleged.
ex'qui site, exceedingly nice.
in tol'er ant, persecuting.
ec lec'tic, selecting.
sten og' ra phy, shorthand writing.
hu'mor ist, one who has a playful fancy.
el o cu'tion, art or manner of speaking.
cor re spond'ence, intercourse by letters.
tre men'dous, dreadful, large.
mul ti plic'i ty, great variety.
pro pri'e tor, an owner.
dough'nut, a cake cooked in lard.
rec'ti tude, honesty, integrity.
in'te gral, whole, entire.
jeop'ar dy, hazard, danger.
in ter mit'tent, ceasing at intervals.
po lo naise' (-nāz'), a kind of overdress worn by women.
de li'cious, highly pleasing to the taste.
a me na ble, accountable.
il lus'tri ous, distinguished.
an'gu lar, having angles.
an'nals, a history by years.
in dus'tri ous, habitually working.
cir cum'fer ence, the line that bounds a round body.
sub stan'tial, strong, real.
au da'cious, bold in wickedness.
os ten'si ble, apparent.
con ser'va to ry, a greenhouse for plants.
py ro tech'nics, art of managing fireworks.
suf fice', to satisfy.
dis si pa'tion, dissolute living.
au' di ence, an assembly of hearers.
ath'lete, a contender for victory in feats of strength.
a rith me ti'cian, one versed in arithmetic.

pro vi'sion, food; something provided
ap'pli cant, one who applies.
for'ci ble, by force.
nau'se a, sickness of the stomach.
dom i neer', to rule insolently.
ac count'ant, a bookkeeper.
gra tu'i tous, given without an equivalent.
gor'geous, very showy.

LESSON XLI.

fa tigu'ing, wearying with any exertion.
hyp'o crite, a false pretender.
bric'-a-brac, a collection of artistic curiosities.
las'sos, more than one lasso.
mon'eys, plural of money.
cri'ses, plural of crisis.
ech'oes, plural of echo.
can'tos, plural of canto.
lil li pu'tian, dwarfed, diminutive.
col lect'i ble, that can be collected.
ter'mi ni, plural of terminus.
bil'ious, pertaining to the bile.
sperm a ce'ti, fatty matter from the head of a whale.
lar yn gi'tis, a disease of the throat.
dis ha bille', an undress.
sac'cha rine, sugary, sweet.
sponge, a porous marine substance; to cleanse.
smirch, to soil; to cloud.
sphinx, a fabled monster which proposed riddles.
nois'y, clamorous, boisterous.
a ghast', stupefied with sudden fright.
se cede', to withdraw from fellowship.
con nois seur' (kŏn-nis-sur'), a skillful person.
so'los, more than one solo.
ey'ing, to keep an eye upon.
pi, type confusedly mixed.
plate'-glass, a fine kind of glass cast in thick plates.
scoop, a big ladle.
scur'ril ous, using low and indecent language.
sec'u lar, worldly.
sed'en ta ry, accustomed to sit much.
seg're gate, to separate from others.
pre pare', to make ready.
sem'a phore, an apparatus for giving signals.
sere, dry, withered.
wav'y, rising in waves.
ser'geant, the military officer next above corporal.
i tal'i cise, to print in italic characters.

ir re triev'a ble, irreparable.
ir rec'on cil a ble, incapable of being harmonized.
in con'gru ous, not consistent.
bum'ble-bee, a large bee.
prof'fer, offer, proposal.
pre cise'ly, exactly; in a precise manner.
pa vil'ion, a tent on posts.
ac cou'ter, to furnish with dress.
del'e ble, capable of being blotted out.
in del'i ble, not capable of being blotted out.
mirth, noisy gayety.
e gre'gious, one out of many; distinguished.

LESSON XLII.

bour geois', a kind of type.
pa ren'the sis, a word or sentence, in the midst of another inclosed within curved lines or dashes.
thou'sandth, one of a thousand parts of equal size.
com bus'ti ble, capable of taking fire; inflammable.
at trib'u ta ble, capable of being attributed.
rail'ler y, good-humored pleasantry; banter.
sac ri le'gious, violating sacred things; profane.
del e te'ri ous, having the quality of destroying or extinguishing life.
gor'geous, showy, fine, magnificent.
re cip'i ent, one who receives.
poign'ant, stimulating to the organs of taste; piercing.
in ter mit'tent, ceasing at intervals.
de lir'i ous, lightheaded, insane.
ver'i fy, to prove to be true; to confirm.
gay'e ty, state of being gay; merriment.
ex'e crate, to abhor; to curse.
har'mo nize, to agree in action or effect.
de'cen cy, state of being decent; modesty.
dis crep'an cy, variance, disagreement.
ful'some, disgusting by overfullness; excess, or grossness.
clem'en cy, disposition to treat with lenity.
ledg'er, a book of accounts.
oc cur'red, did occur.
sel'vedge, the edge of cloth woven to prevent raveling.
sas'sa fras, an aromatic tree of the laurel family.
month, one of the twelve parts of a year.

sug'ar y, like sugar.
fore tell', to prophesy.
com'merce, to hold intercourse with.
prai'rie, an extensive tract of grassland destitute of trees.
ac knowl'edg ment, something given or done in return for a favor.
a bridg'ment, a cutting off; contraction.
peace'a bly, in a peaceable manner; quietly.
du'te ous, performing what duty, law, justice or propriety requires.
hum'bug ged, deceived; imposed upon.
ref er ee', one to whom a matter in dispute is referred.
boun'te ous, disposed to give freely; generous.
judg'ment, opinion; sentence.
hoe'ing, to use a hoe; to cut, dig, or clean with a hoe.
shoo'ing, the present participle of shoo.
ad van ta'geous, being of advantage; profitable; useful.
ser'vice a ble, doing service; beneficial.
re mov'a ble, admitting of being removed.
gas'e ous (gaz-), in the form of gas.
val'leys, the plural of valley.
dai'ries, plural of dairy.
buf'fa loes, plural of buffalo.
pi a'nos, more than one piano.
drop'ping, letting fall.
kid'naped, stolen and carried away or secreted, as a human being.

LESSON XLIII.

as cend'en cy, influence, power.
joc'und, merry, gay.
beech, a forest tree.
beach, the shore.
cor'nice, highest projecting work of columns.
sar'dine, a fish of the herring family.
tem pest'u ous, stormy.
dis solve', to separate or break up.
dam'age, loss, injury.
con'ju gal, belonging to the marriage state.
con grat'u late, to wish joy to on account of some happy event.
er ro'ne ous, wrong, faulty.
me chan'ic, an artisan.
ex pe'ri ence, knowledge gained by trial.
nui'sance, something offensive or annoying.
rus'tle, to make a low rattle.

ex tem po ra'ne ous, uttered without premeditation.
pol'i tics, science of government.
ap pur'te nance, that which appertains.
con cil'i ate, to win over.
rem i nis'cence, that which is called to mind.
ar'bi tra ry, bound by no law.
cit'i zen, an inhabitant.
de gen'er ate, to be or grow worse; to become inferior.
dai'sy, a plant and its flower.
cam paign', the time an army keeps the field.
nat'u ral ize, to make natural; to confer citizenship.
vet'er an, one long exercised in anything.
vet'er i na ry, pertaining to the healing of domestic animals.
suc cumb', to yield.
quad'ru ped, a four-footed animal.
an'ces tor, a forefather.
ca tas'tro phe, a final event, usually calamitous.
dis ap point', to defeat one's expectations.
tres'pass, to intrude.
aux il'ia ry, an assistant.
tyr'an ny, arbitrary exercise of power.
wig'wam, an Indian's cabin.
in val'id, void; of no force.
con de scend', to yield to an inferior; to stoop.
la'bel, a slip containing information attached to anything.
com pen'di um, an abridgment.
ret'i cent, silent; not talkative.
wrink'le, a crease or furrow.
wrig'gle, to move the body to and fro with short motions.
droll, comical, odd.
wield, to use with full command.
un de ceive', to free from deception or mistake.
pac'i fy, to appease.
ob'lo quy, calumny.

LESSON XLIV.

ste're o scope, an optical instrument for viewing pictures.
a me'na ble, answerable, responsible.
at ten'tion, earnest consideration.
am'o rous, relating to love.
pap poose', an Indian baby.
an a bap'tist, one who denies the validity of infant baptism.
an ach'ro nism, an error in chronology.

nox'ious, hurtful.
trib'une, a Roman magistrate.
de moc'ra cy, government in which the supreme power is in the hands of the people.
re pub'lic, a state in which the sovereign power is exercised by representatives elected by the people.
poign'ant, acutely painful.
ob nox'ious, offensive.
al lege', to declare.
chas'tise ment, punishment.
re hearse', to repeat.
cre den'tial, testimonial.
con sti tu'tion, fundamental laws of a state.
nour'ish, to feed or bring up.
rite, a religious ceremony.
write, to make known by letter.
right, not left.
wright, a workman.
pre dom'i nate, to prevail.
su per sede', to displace.
in sur rec'tion, a rising against law.
pet'u lant, fretful, irritable.
phre nol'o gy, the theory that the mental faculties are shown on the surface of the skull.
ter'ri to ry, an extent of land.
pi'ous, devout, religious.
ag gress', to make a first attack.
co in cide', to agree; to correspond.
tax'i der my, art of preparing and stuffing the skins of animals.
au'di ble, capable of being heard.
dan'de li on, a well known plant.
ac'cu ra cy, exactness, correctness.
co quette' (ko-ket'), a gay jilting girl.
sem'i cir cle, half a circle.
pant'o mime, a theatrical performance given in dumb show.
pa paw', **paw paw',** } a tree and its fruit.
pan'sy, the garden violet.
pa'pa cy, office of the pope.
lin'en, cloth of flax.
or'ches tra, the musicians of a theatre.
or'i fice, mouth of a tube, etc.
pro sa'ic, like prose.
con ven'ient, fit, commodious, handy.
pal'ace, a splendid mansion.
cus'tom er, a purchaser.
sac'ra ment, a solemn religious ceremony.

LESSON XLV.

pre'mi er, a prime minister.
mil'i ta ry, pertaining to an army.
shack'les, fetters.
de mean'or, behavior, bearing.
pa rade', a pompous display.
frag'ile, brittle, frail.
ver ba'tim, word for word.
riff'raff, refuse, sweepings.
ghast'ly, death-like.
def'i nite, certain, exact.
co logne', a kind of perfume.
caus'tic, a burning substance.
junct'ure, union; point of time.
ir'ri ta ble, easily annoyed.
though, admitting.
em balm', to preserve with drugs.
re cruit', to gain in strength.
guile'less, artless.
al'co hol, rectified spirits.
fa mil'iar, unceremonious, easy.
re li'ance, trust, dependence.
ten'sion, strain.
spu'ri ous, not genuine.
del'e gate, to depute; a deputy.
in sin'u ate, to hint or introduce artfully.
pa thet'ic, affecting the feelings.
dom'i no, a kind of game.
pul'sate, to throb.
pom'ace, substance of fruit crushed by grinding.
col lis'ion, a dashing together.
co nun'drum, a puzzling question whose answer involves a pun.
di'a mond, a costly gem much worn.
di'a dem, a badge of royalty.
det'ri ment, that which injures.
di ag no'sis, determination of the nature of a disease.
es pous'al, adoption.
co'pi ous, abundant.
ap pease', to make calm.
neg'li gent, careless.
lux u'ri ant, very plenteous.
ben zine', an oily substance.
tem'po ral, pertaining to worldly matters.
pre'cious, costly; of great worth.
sin'gu lar, one; rarely equaled.
ske dad'dle, to run away as if in a panic.
siz'zle, a hissing sound.
in vet'er ate, firmly established.
o be'di ent, dutiful.
em broid'er, to adorn with figured needle-work.
phar'ma cy, art of preparing medicines.

LESSON XLVI.

plain, simple, clear, natural.
plane, a tool; a level surface.
poach, to cook in a certain manner.
poign'ant, acutely painful.
wrote, did write.
rote, repetition without reference to meaning.
fel'loe, the rim of a wheel.
vi'al, a small bottle; a phial.
vile, morally base.
vi'ol, a stringed instrument.
moun'tain, a very high hill.
ab scond', to hide one's self.
fet'lock, part of the leg of a horse.
hub'bub, uproar.
mo roc'co, a fine kind of leather from goat skin.
port'a ble, that may be carried.
vent'ure, to dare; risk, chance.
for'tu nate, lucky, successful.
tra di'tion, oral account transmitted from age to age.
sel'dom, not often.
a chieve', to complete; to realize.
crum'ple, to wrinkle.
ed'u cate, to instruct; to bring up.
car'pen ter, one who works in wood.
or'chard, a field of fruit trees.
to ma'to, a common plant and its fruit.
kid'nap, to steal a person.
in de pend'ent, not subject to the control of others.
re fus'al, right of taking in preference to others.
tes'ti mo ny, evidence, proof.
pu'ri fy, to make pure.
hi la'ri ous, merry, gay.
flip'pant, nimble of speech.
in vis'i ble, that cannot be seen.
tar'tar, an ill-tempered person.
mas quer ade', to go in disguise.
salt'-rheum, a disease of the skin.
gla'zier, a setter of glass.
re cur'rence, returning.
in dis pen'sa ble, impossible to be spared.
phe nom'e non, an unusual appearance.
dec'a logue, the ten commandments.
grey'hound, a fleet hound.
dis pense', to deal out.
ac com'plice, a helpmate in crime.
ca pa'cious, extensive, roomy.
ap plaud', to praise by clapping the hands.
prec'i pice, a steep descent.
con tempt' i ble, despicable.
in' va lid, a person who is weak and infirm.

LESSON XLVII.

pal'ate, roof of the mouth.
pal'ette, a thin oval tablet on which a painter mixes his pigments.
fraud'u lent, deceitful, dishonest.
bris'tle, stiff hair.
per'fi dy, treachery; breach of faith.
in dom'i ta ble, not to be subdued.
res er voir', a cistern; a place where water is collected and kept for use.
cam'bric, a fine linen or cotton cloth.
il lus'trate, to make bright; to explain.
co los'sal, gigantic.
em'bry o, an undeveloped rudiment.
toi'let, a dressing table; dress.
neu'tral, taking no part; on neither part.
ren'o vate, to renew.
ep'i lep sy, a disease of the brain attended by loss of consciousness.
o bei'sance, an act of reverence.
af'fa ble, easy of conversation and of manners.
ac qui esce', to be satisfied with.
mal'ice, ill-will, spite.
sec're ta ry, an officer of State or of a society.
ju ris dic'tion, extent of legal authority.
par'cel, a small bundle.
pref'er ence, choice of one above another.
trans gress', to break a law.
ap pa ri'tion, appearance; a ghost.
can'non, a large gun.
can'on, a rule; the Scriptures.
ir ra'tion al, contrary to reason.
sched'ule, a list; an inventory.
a cous'tic, relating to hearing or sound.
un in tel'li gi ble not to be understood.
ir re press'i ble, that cannot be repressed.
re fer'red, directed, alluded.
par ti'ci ple, a word like both a verb and noun.
plac'id, gentle, quiet.
or thog'ra phy, the writing of words with the proper letters.
rem'e dy, that which counteracts an evil.
in sip'id, tasteless, flat.
be gin'ner, one who commences.
man u fac'ture, to make an article from raw material.

ap pear'ance, resemblance, air, mien.
ter'mi nate, to put an end to.
ac cli'mate, to inure to a climate.
il lit'er ate, unlearned, ignorant.
at'mos phere, the air.
sep'a rate, to part in any manner; distinct.
dis sem'ble, to disguise; to pretend.
serge, a twilled cloth.
surge, to rise high and roll, as waves.
can'cer, an eating tumor.

LESSON XLVIII.

car'at, the weight of four grains.
car'rot, a plant having an esculent root.
hon'ey-suck le, a species of flowering plant.
op por tu'ni ty, a fit time or occasion.
per cus'sion, a striking against.
chap lain, a clergyman for a body of soldiers.
gim'let, a tool for boring.
ac crued', increased, added, earned.
fic ti'tious, feigned.
ho me op'a thy, a theory that that which causes a disease will also cure it.
al lop'a thy, the ordinary practice of medicine.
ec lat' (e-klä), brilliancy of success or effort.
chlo'ro form, a common anesthetic.
to, in the direction of.
too, also, in addition to.
two, one and one.
cre'dence, belief, credit.
es'sence, the nature or being of a thing; a perfume.
cur'ren cy, that which is in circulation.
cur'rant, fruit of a well-known shrub.
cur'rent, running or moving rapidly.
bev'er age, liquor for drinking.
bil'low, a great wave.
pre pon'der ance, superiority of weight.
sal'a ry, wages, pay.
rasp'ber ry, a berry and its bush.
im promp'tu, off-hand; without forethought.
ves'tige, trace.
sub'se quent, following.
por'ous, having pores.
phys ique', physical structure of a person.
pleu'ri sy, inflammation of the pleura.

chasm, a deep gap.
dis sect', to cut to pieces to examine.
pa ral'y sis, palsy; loss of voluntary motion.
su per in tend'ent, one who has the oversight of something.
gal'lon, a measure of four quarts.
ir rep'ar a ble, that cannot be repaired.
dys pep'si a, dys pep'sy, } indigestion.
dox ol'o gy, a hymn of praise to God.
va'ri e gate, to make varied.
cel'e brate, to make famous.
a nal'o gy, correspondence in some respects between otherwise different things.
pro nun ci a'tion, mode of utterance.
a non'y mous, without a name.
pa'tience, calmness under toil or trials.
pa'tients, diseased persons under treatment.
in gen'ious, skillful in inventing.
in gen'u ous, open, frank, candid.
sal e ra'tus, a bi-carbonate of potash used in cooking.

LESSON XLIX.

ste're o type, a page of type metal resembling a page of type.
e lec'tro type, a metallic plate taken by electric deposition.
lith'o graph, to trace on stone and transfer to paper by printing.
me tal'lic, pertaining to or resembling metal.
stern, hind part of anything.
ex haust', to drain wholly out.
con'so nant, agreeable; consistent; a sound closer than a vowel.
gal'ler y, a covered passage.
mac ad'am ize, to cover a road with small broken stones.
sac'ri lege, the profaning of sacred things.
syn'the sis, the putting of two or more things together.
a nal'y sis, a resolution of anything into its original elements.
par tic'i pate, to share; to partake.
none, no one; not any.
chal'lenge, to call to fight; to object to.
las'so, rope with a slip-knot to catch beasts.

spig'ot, a plug to stop a hole in a cask.
prev'a lence, predominance; of general reception.
prej'u dice, previous and unreasonable bias.
ker'nel, seed or grain of a plant
colonel, the chief officer of a regiment.
syc'a more, a kind of tree.
def i ni'tion, verbal description.
ac'ci dent, an unexpected event.
sen'si ble, cognizant, wise.
thral'dom, slavery.
dex'ter ous, expert in the use of the body.
cyl'in der, a long round body.
re cede', to retreat; to go back.
ban'quet, a grand feast.
boun'te ous, disposed to give freely; generous.
boulevard (bool-vär'), a street reserved for passenger traffic.
scal'lop, a notch; a little curve.
av'e nue, a wide street; a shady walk.
av'a lanche, a vast body of snow, ice or earth sliding down a mountain.
qual'i fy, to make fit.
sure'ty, security, bondsman.
protege (-ta-zha'), one under the protection of another.
dev'as tate, to lay waste.
dodge, to evade by jumping aside.
flan'nel, a soft woolen cloth.
sus cep'ti ble, impressible.
croup, a disease of the throat.
vi va'cious, lively.
car'cass, a dead body.
det'ri ment, injury, damage.
et y mol'o gy, derivation of words.
syn'tax, due arrangement of words in sentences according to good usage.
pros'o dy, the science which treats of the quantity of syllables, etc.
or tho'e py, the correct pronunciation of words.

LESSON L.

ped'dle, to go from place to place and retail goods.
dai'ry, place where milk is kept and made into butter or cheese.
di'a ry, a journal; a register.
gauge, to measure.
mar'shal, chief officer.
mar'tial, warlike.
hoax, an imposter in sport.

don'key, an ass.
mag a zine', a storehouse; a journal.
im mor'tal, imperishable; exempt from death.
cen'sure, blame, reproof.
per'pe trate, to commit; to execute.
vil'lain, a scoundrel.
ax'i om, a self-evident truth.
ap par'ent, plain, visible, evident.
cred'it or, one to whom a debt is owed.
ser'geant, a military officer next above a corporal.
brick'-kiln, a kiln for burning brick.
un war'rant a ble, indefensible, illegal.
brief, short; concise; a short statement of a client's case.
leth'ar gy, morbid drowsiness.
in vin'ci ble, unconquerable.
dor'mant, sleeping; at rest.
pret'ty (prĭt'-tĭ), handsome, neat; to a certain degree.
ag'gra vate, to make worse; to provoke.
in close', } to put within a
en close', } case or envelope.
bi'cy cle (-sick-), a two-wheeled velocipede.
trea'tise, a discourse; an essay.
am bu'lance, a carriage to remove wounded in battle.
rogue, a dishonest person.
ad di'tion, act of adding; a branch of arithmetic.
im mer'sion, a sinking beneath a fluid.
mys'ter y, something hidden or obscure.
ni'tro gen, a kind of gas which with oxygen forms common air.
ox'y gen, a common gas.
tete'-a-tete (tāt'-ä-tāt), face to face; close together.
cro chet' (kro-shā'), fancy knitting done with a hook.
fa mil'iar, intimate; well acquainted.
pre ced'ent (adj.), going before; antecedent.
prec'e dent (noun), something that may serve as an example to authorize a subsequent act.
be nev'o lence, disposition to do good.
af fright', to alarm; sudden fear.
bar ba'ri an, a savage or brutal person.
du'te ous, devoted to duty.
os'cil late, to swing as a pendulum.
pend'u lum, a body so suspended from a fixed point as to swing freely to and fro.
pep'sin, a substance secreted by the stomach of animals.
eu'lo gy, praise.
e lys'i um, a heaven.
ped'al, pertaining to a foot.

LESSON LI.

phy si'cian, a doctor of medicine.

sym'pa thy, a compassionate feeling with another.

bal'ance, a pair of scales; what is wanted to make two things equal.

oc cur'rence, a coming or happening.

fu'gi tive, flying; one fled.

en dur'ance, patience, fortitude.

lab'or a to ry, a chemist's work-room.

pos sess', to have as an owner.

ad van ta'geous, profitable, beneficial.

te na'cious, holding fast.

fur'ni ture, household goods.

ses'sion, sitting of a deliberative body.

va nil'la, a plant and an extract from its bean.

sta tis'tics, facts as to population, trade, etc.

syl'la ble, part of a written word separated from the rest.

dis syl'la ble, a word of two syllables.

pol'y syl la ble, a word of many syllables.

mis de mean'or, any crime less than a felony.

fel'o ny, a crime punishable by death or imprisonment.

ev'i dence, testimony, proof.

burg'la ry, crime of breaking and entering into a house by night to commit a felony.

rob'ber y, the crime of taking by force from the person of another.

skein, a knot or number of knots of thread.

skill'ful, / **skil'ful,** } possessed of skill.

ful fill', / **ful fil',** } to make full or complete; to bring to pass.

re spect'ful ly, in a respectful manner.

re spect'ive ly, as relating to each; particularly.

re spect'a bly, in a respectable manner.

in con sis'tent, contrary; not uniform.

an tip'a thy, aversion at the presence of an object.

en'er gy, inherent power; vigor.

mo men'tum, the quantity of motion in a moving body.

mon'i tor, one who admonishes.

fuch'si a, a kind of flowering plant.

par ti'tion, that which divides.

tol'er ate, to endure or allow what we do not approve.

con'sum mate, to complete.

con tem po ra'ne ous, living or acting at the same time.

fag'ot, a bundle of sticks.
de spair', to give up all hope.
man'u script, a paper written.
cab'bage, a garden plant.
bea'con, a signal-fire.
el'e phant, a large quadruped.
gra'vy, juice of roasted meat.
plan'tain, a kind of herb.
mam'moth, very large.
stam pede', sudden flight through fright.
ad'ver sa ry, an opponent.
glos'sa ry, dictionary of uncommon words.

LESSON LII.

in im'it a ble, not to be imitated.
reg'i ment, a body of troops commanded by a colonel.
mas'sa cre, butchery; to butcher.
cy'cle, a circle; a space of time.
sur'face, the outside.
er'rand, a message.
tra peze', a swing used in gymnastics.
de te'ri o rate, to grow or make worse.
site, situation, position.
cite, to point to.
sight, a scene; the vision.
mat'tress, a quilted stuffed bed.
mor'tar, vessel for crushing drugs, etc.; a cannon.
mor ga nat'ic, pertaining to a marriage between a man of superior and a woman of inferior rank in which neither the latter nor her children can inherit the possessions of her husband.
jean, a twilled cotton cloth.
hal'le lu jah, } praise ye Je-
hal'le lu iah, } hovah.
waive, to relinquish.
wave, an undulating motion.
pro mis'cu ous, mingled, confused.
in ter fere', to interpose.
bur lesque', ludicrous representation.
col'lo quy, mutual discourse.
ce leb'ri ty, fame; a person of distinction.
syn op'sis, a general view; an epitome.
de sert', merit; worth; claim to reward.
de sert', to forsake; to run away from.
des' ert, a wilderness; a solitude.
des sert', a service of pastry; fruits, etc., served at the close of an entertainment.
in'stinct, a natural impulse or faculty in animals.

re lig'ion, a system of faith.
tan'gi ble, perceptible by the touch.
an nul', to make null; abolish.
ef'fi ca cy, power to effect.
con'tro ver sy, a protracted contest or dispute.
scarce, not plentiful; rare.
ci'der, apple juice.
con sign or', one who consigns goods.
con sign ee', the one to whom goods are consigned.
ad'e quate, equal; proportionate; fully sufficient.
ad mit'tance, act of admitting; permission to enter.
pos'si ble, that may be.
fal'li ble, liable to error or mistake.
re source', that from which anything springs; assets.
syn'a gogue, a Jewish house of worship.
par a pher na'li a, ornaments; trappings; goods of a wife beyond her dowry.
fa tigue', weariness.
niche, recess in a wall for a statue.
mel'an chol y, gloomy state of mind.
in stan ta' ne ous, done in an instant.
cer'tain, sure fixed.

LESSON LIII.

per'me ate, to pass through every part.
wors'ted, yarn spun from long course wool.
san'guine, full of blood: confident.
al'ti tude, height, elevation.
o'clock', time of day.
trel'lis, lattice-work to support plants.
lu'cra tive, profitable.
can'dor, frankness, sincerity.
pop'lar, a common tree.
pop'u lar, pleasing to people in general.
con cede', to give up; to grant.
co he'sion, the power which holds bodies of the same kind together.
ad he'sion, the power which holds bodies of different kinds together.
sur vey', to view; to measure.
rouge, a red paint for the cheeks.
chat'tel, personal property.
haunt, to frequent troublesomely.
cri te'ri on, a standard to judge by.
dis sen'sion, strife.
come'ly, graceful; becoming.

en'mi ty, hatred, hostility.
ci'pher, the character (0); a secret character.
a ghast', struck with horror.
wheth'er, which of two.
sleigh, a vehicle for traveling on snow.
an'thra cite, hard coal.
bi tu'mi nous, soft coal.
sa ga'cious, discerning, wise.
com bus'ti ble, that may be burnt.
fe ro'cious, rapacious, wild, savage.
bleach, to make white by removing the original color.
as sid'u ous, very diligent.
so ci'e ty, company.
ad journ', to dismiss; to put off.
or'phan, a child who has lost either parent.
e nough', adequate, sufficient.
en roll', to write in a register.
dis'tance, remoteness; space between.
bis'cuit, a kind of bread.
op ti'cian, maker or seller of optical instruments.
oc'u list, one skilled in treating diseases of the eye.
ap pa ri'tion, a spectre; ghost.
ap pel lee', the defendant in an appeal.
ap pel'lant, a person who makes an appeal.
par'lance, speech, talk.
ver nac'u lar, one's mother tongue or native language.
ver'te bra, a joint of the back bone.
mor'sel, a bite; a small piece.
ar rears', that which is due and unpaid.
im pet'u ous, violent, vehement.

LESSON LIV.

i'ci cle, a pendant, conical mass of ice.
ob lique', slanting; not direct.
par'ti cle, a minute part.
pre oc'cu py, to occupy beforehand.
mas'sive, heavy, bulky.
cou'ri er, a messenger sent in haste.
ex'tir pate, to pull up by the the roots.
cor rec'tion, that which is substituted in place of what is wrong.
civ'il ly, politely.
re'qui em, a hymn or mass sung for the dead.
ag grieve', to afflict or injure.
dor'mi to ry, a room or building used to sleep in.
e lix'ir, a compound tincture.
rep'ro bate, base, depraved.

mort'gage, pledge for the payment of a debt.
ru'mor, a flying report.
in del'i ble, that cannot be blotted out.
men ag'e rie, a place where animals are kept and trained.
de'i ty, the Divine Being.
proph'et, one who foretells.
prof'it, gain.
mer'cu ry, quicksilver.
fric as see', a dish of small animals cut to pieces and stewed or fried.
tun'nel, an arch or passage cut under ground.
tur'bine, a kind of water-wheel.
op'po site, facing, adverse.
in de fat'i ga ble, incapable of being fatigued.
fas tid'i ous, easily disgusted.
pit'i a ble, deserving pity.
an'ti dote, a medicine that counteracts poison.
guin'ea, a coin.
phar'ynx (far'inks), cavity into which the mouth and nose open.
per sist'ence, perseverance against opposition.
af'flu ence, riches, abundance.
rel'ic, that which remains.
ap pro'pri ate, to set apart.
fi'nite, limited.
pur'port, meaning; to intend.
vin dic'tive, revengeful.
proc'ess, a progress; operation.
am'i ca ble, friendly, kind.
guess, to conjecture; surmise.
heif'er, a young cow.
ob'sta cle, an obstruction.
pro fess'or, one who teaches a particular branch of learning.
cur'tain, a hanging cloth for a window.
tro'che, a medicated lozenge
ju'bi lee, time of great joy.
bus'i ness, employment; an affair.
plea, what is urged in defense of a cause.

LESSON LV.

knuck'le, joint of a finger.
Ko'ran, the sacred writings of the Mohammedans.
con se quen'tial, pretending to importance.
sau'sage, a roll of minced meat.
en'vi ous, full of envy.
pe nu'ri ous, miserly, stingy,
tro'phy, a memorial of victory,
stal'wart, worth stealing; brave; bold.
fer'tile, fruitful.
jus'tice, fairness; judge; magistrate.

in cap'a ble, incompetent.
e mer'gen cy, pressing necessity.
re cu'per ate, to recover.
prim'i tive, original, first.
lad'der, a frame with steps for climbing.
tee to'tal er, one pledged to abstain from all intoxicating drinks.
bi en'ni al, happening once in two years.
gri mace', a distortion of the face.
ca tarrh, a cold in the head.
blonde, a person with fair complexion, light hair and light blue eyes.
am a teur', a beginner.
deign, to condescend; to permit.
a dept', one well versed.
mi'nor, one under age; an infant.
min'er, one who mines.
re cep'ta cle, that in which anything is received.
com pla'cen cy, satisfaction, gratification.
beau'te ous, handsome.
in au'gu rate, to induct into office.
stu pen'dous, astonishing.
e ma'ci ate, to lose flesh gradually.
prod'i gy, a wonderful thing.
cap size', to upset.
syn'o nyme, **syn'o nym,** } words in the same language which are equivalent to each other.
de scribe', to depict; to portray.
cour'te sy, politeness.
bri'dal, pertaining to a bride.
bri'dle, an instrument to govern and restrain a horse.
glis'ten, to shine.
mar'tyr, one put to death for his belief.
ep'i thet, a qualifying term.
dis ease', a distemper; illness.
de cease', departure from this life.
cent'u ry, 100 years.
ir res'o lute, not firm in purpose.
um brel'la, a screen from rain.
yoke, a frame to join oxen.
yelk, **yolk,** } the yellow part of an egg.
al ly', to unite by compact.
al'ley, a narrow street.

LESSON LVI.

il lu'sion, an unreal image presented to the bodily or mental vision.
de lu'sion, a false judgment.
ex'cel lence, superior goodness.

fal'la cy, a deceptive argument.

soph'is try, false reasoning of so specious a kind as to render it difficult to expose its fallacy.

im ag'i na ry, existing only in imagination or fancy.

un veil', to disclose; to remove the covering from.

blud'geon, a short stick with one end loaded.

dis tin'guish, to recognize by marks; to discern.

an tique' (-tek'), old, ancient.

aph'o rism, a precept expressed in a few words.

to'tal, whole, complete.

spec'ta cle, a sight; a show.

il le'gal, not lawful.

pho nog'ra phy, a system of shorthand.

al'der (awl'-), a tree of several varieties.

el'der, older, senior; a genus of plants having dark-red berries.

el'e gy, a funeral song.

e jac u la'tion, uttering of a sudden exclamation.

ca the'dral, the principal church in a diocese.

car'ton, a pasteboard box.

car toon', a comic picture distorting the features of some person or things.

im pel', to drive or urge forward.

dis cre'tion, prudence; liberty to act at pleasure.

knowl'edge, certain perception; learning.

for'mid a ble, to be feared.

e va'sion, subterfuge, excuse.

eat'a ble, fit to be eaten; edible.

ed'i ble, fit to be eaten, eatable.

cred'it a ble, reputable, estimable.

cred'i ble, worthy of belief.

ham'mock, a swinging bed.

ac com'mo date, to adapt; to oblige; to suit.

rec om mend', to commend to the favorable notice of another.

en deav'or, to strive to do.

un nec'es sa ry, inevitable; such as must be.

rheu'ma tism, a painful disease of the muscles, joints, etc.

spec'i men, a sample.

ap pa ra'tus, things provided as means to some end.

right'eous, just, upright.

ex hil'a rate, to make cheerful or merry; to enliven.

rec'om pense, to repay.

dis ap pear', to go out of sight.

ex ag'ger ate, to heighten; to overstate.

ex em'pla ry, serving for a pattern.

ju've nile, young, youthful.

siege, a continued attempt to gain possession.

di vid'ing, parting, separating.

dis cus'sion, a debate.

ep'i taph, inscription on a tombstone.

LESSON LVII.

com'ic al, exciting mirth; laughable.

com'i ty, courtesy of intercourse.

com'ma, a mark of punctuation.

pal'pa ble, that may be felt.

e nun'ci ate, to declare; to pronounce distinctly.

ap pli'ance, that which is or may be applied.

du'ra ble, able to last or endure.

bal'co ny, a kind of gallery on the outside of a building.

bal'us ter, a small column used as a support to a rail.

bal'us trade, a row of balusters joined by a rail.

kiln'-dry, to dry in a kiln.

av oir du pois', a kind of weight.

con stel la'tion, a cluster of stars.

chro nom'e ter, a time-keeper.

doc'ile, teachable; ready to learn.

e ques'tri an, pertaining to horses.

lat'tice, a net-work of slats or rods.

frac'tious, cross, quarrelsome.

hor'ror, excessive fear.

e man'ci pate, to set at liberty.

el ee mos'y na ry, given in charity or alms.

coup'le, a pair.

va'ri a ble, changeable.

ac cede', to agree; to assent.

con viv'i al, jovial, social.

dig'it, any one of the figures.

af fil'i ate, to adopt as a son.

bul'wark, a fortification; a security.

aq'ue duct, an artificial channel for conveying water.

co-op'er ate, to act jointly with another.

fau'cet, a spout for a barrel.

ga zette', an official newspaper or journal.

lad'ing, freight, load.

dis cour'te ous, uncivil, rude.

em bez'zle, to steal by breach of trust.

ex cheq'uer, a court which has to do with revenues.

ter'race, a level plot of earth thrown up.

diph'thong, a union of two vowel sounds in one syllable.

ser e nade', music in open air at night in compliment to some person.

berth, station or position; place in a ship to sleep in.

birth, a coming into life.

trans mis'sion, the act of sending.

cav'i ty, hollow place.

niece, daughter of a brother or sister.
neph'ew, son of a brother or sister.
out ra'geous, exceeding all bounds.
rec'on cile, to conciliate; to make consistent.
ge om'e try, that branch of mathematics which treats of lines, angles, etc.
ghoul, an imaginary evil among Eastern natives thought to prey on the dead.
cro'ny, a bosom companion.

LESSON LVIII.

e lec tion eer', to exert one's self to secure an election.
pal'try, insignificant, worthless.
civ'il ize, to reclaim from a savage state.
clair voy'ance, the power of discerning objects not present to the senses.
clar i o net', } a wind instru-
clar'i net, } ment of the reed kind.
im pass'a ble, that cannot be passed.
pip'pin, a kind of apple.
ven'due, public sale to the highest bidder.
ve neer', to overlay with a thin layer of wood for decoration.
va nil'la, a kind of plant and its essence.
u ten'sil, any instrument.
vac'ci nate, to inoculate with the cow pox.
car'bine, a light gun.
front ier', border of civilization.
pshaw, expressing contempt.
sub ter ra'ne an, underground.
mos qui'to, a blood sucking insect.
cas'tile-soap, a kind of fine hard soap.
pick'er el, a kind of fish.
sym'me try, due proportion of parts.
in tox'i cate, to make drunk.
wiz'ard, a conjurer.
dis crim'i nate, to discern between.
gawk'y, awkward.
punct'u al, prompt.
guid'ance, leadership, direction.
hid'e ous, frightful.
gew'gaw, a showy trifle.
scru'ti ny, deep search.
li'ar, one who tells lies.
fa'tal, deadly, mortal.
con'fer ence, a consulting together.

im'i tate, to copy.
ben'e fit, favor, advantage.
cir'cu lar, a letter or paper addressed to several persons.
de fend'ant, one who makes defense.
def'i cit, deficiency in amount or quality.
per di'tion, ruin; eternal death.
cen ten'ni al, happening once in a hundred years.
rep e ti'tion, act of repeating.
o paque', not transparent.
chil'blain, a sore caused by cold.
stur'geon, a large fish.
pre co'cious, ripe before the proper time.
lit'er a ry, pertaining to literature.
se'ri ous, grave, earnest.
chol'er a, a disease characterized by vomiting and purging.
woe'-be gone, very sad.
ar'ro gant, haughty.
an nu'i ty, a yearly allowance.

LESSON LIX.

rep'ri mand, severe reproof for a fault or act.
re plete', completely filled.
ren'net, the fourth stomach of a calf.
hum'ming-bird, a very small bird.
leg'a cy, a gift by will of personal property.
dif'fer ence, variation.
in ter lin e a'tion, a word or words inserted between lines.
ro sette', an artificial rose.
ab'scess, a tumor.
bron chi'tis, a disease of the throat.
de ci'pher, to unravel.
prom'is so ry, containing a promise.
sten to'ri an, loudvoiced.
pro lix', extending to a great length.
en cour'age, to give courage to.
tac'tics, science of moving and handling military forces.
ren'dez vous, a place for meeting.
mar'i ner, a seaman or sailor.
weth'er, a sheep.
weath'er, the state of the atmosphere.
wea'sel, a small slender quadruped.
buoy'ant, light, floating.
maj'es ty, grandeur.
de fault'er, one who fails to account for money intrusted to him.
eel, a long slimy fish.

dis seize', to dispossess wrongfully.
de my', a size of flat paper 16 x 21 inches.
re luct'ance, unwillingness.
part'ner, a sharer.
cu'lin a ry, relating to cooking.
gen'u ine, real, pure.
kan ga roo', an Australian animal.
ka lei'do scope, an optical instrument.
car'bun cle, a beautiful gem; a kind of tumor.
car'di nal, of fundamental importance.
bill'ion, a thousand million.
sus pense', uncertainty.
bi-month'ly, occurring once in two months.
bil'ious, disordered in respect to the bile.
doc'u ment, a writing or record.
rec'og nize, to know again.
func'tion, office.
clam'or, loud outcries.
dis guise', to change one's appearance with intent to deceive.
isth'mus, a neck of land joining larger pieces.
oc'u lar, pertaining to the eyes.
am'pu tate, to cut off.
trans fer'red, conveyed to another place.
ter res'tri al, pertaining to earth.
pe cul'iar, singular, strange.

LESSON LX.

dis in her'it, to deprive of an inheritance.
leop'ard, a tiger-like beast.
de scend'ant, offspring no matter how remote.
com'mo dore, commander of a squadron.
shriv'el, to contract into wrinkles.
rab'bet, to lap and unite the edges of, as boards, etc.
rab'bit, a small animal resembling the hare.
sub'ju gate, to subdue and bring under control.
tran'scend, to surpass; to excel.
des per a'do, a desperate fellow.
un scru'pu lous, not careful or exact; not moral.
in tim'i date, to make timid.
con du'cive, tending to promote.
def'er ence, a yielding of judgment or preference.
sat is fac'to ri ly, in a satisfactory manner.
ca boose', a car attached to a freight train in which the train-men ride.

mis'chiev ous, inclined to do harm.
trans par'ent, that may be easily seen through.
gos'ling (goz'-), a young goose.
bur'row, to dig.
bor'ough, a corporate town.
un change'a ble, immutable.
ex ten'u ate, to palliate.
in de struct'i ble, that cannot be destroyed.
sub or'di nate, to place in a lower order.
cour'te ous, polite.
com mis'sion, an agent's fees based on a per cent.
re-im burse', to pay back or refund.
dy'na mite, an explosive.
loathe, to hate utterly.
ve loc'i ty, swiftness, rapidity.
meer'schaum, a fine white clay of which tobacco pipes are made.
ap pren'tice, one bound to a master to learn a trade.
rec ol lect', to bring back to the mind.
in'no vate, to change by introducing something new.
fal set'to, that voice in a man the compass of which lies above his natural voice.
in grat'i tude, unthankfulness.
in hos'pi ta ble, not disposed to entertain.
dem'on strate, to prove.
mo'no syl la ble, a word of one syllable.
mo not'o ny, one tone; absence of variety.
more o'ver, besides, further.
mil'age, } an allowance for
mile'age, } traveling.
hyp'no tism, a kind of mesmeric sleep.
hy po thet'ic al ly, conditionally.
hys te'ri a, a nervous affection peculiar to women.
pam'phlet, sheets of paper stitched together but not bound.
dis re spect'ful, wanting in respect.
firm'a ment, the sky; the heavens.
schol'ar, a student; a man of learning.

LESSON LXI.

cof'fin, the box in which a dead body is enclosed.
plain'tiff, one who brings a suit at law
re'al ize, to make real.
cal'cu late, to compute.
u surp', to seize, and use illegally.

su per'flu ous, more than enough.
il lib'er al, stingy, mean.
phlegm, mucus from the nose or throat.
mu'cous, pertaining to mucus.
mu ci lag'i nous, moist, soft, slimy.
ir'ri gate, to water as lands.
man'tel, shelf above a fireplace.
man'tle, a loose garment to be worn over others.
ma neu'ver, to change the position of, as troops.
ve ra'cious, truthful.
gov'ern or, one who governs.
vo ra'cious, greedy, ravenous.
ly ce'um, a lecture room; a literary association.
re sem'blance, that which resembles or is similar.
in ad'e quate, not sufficient.
in con ven'ient, incommodious.
prot'est ant, one who protests against the Roman Catholic church.
per pe tu'i ty, that which lasts forever.
poul'tice, a soft substance to be applied to sores.
boudoir (boo'dwor), a lady's private room.
per'jure, to swear falsely.
leg is la'ture, the body of men in a state that makes the laws.
in trin'sic, inherent, real.
mul'ti ple, a number that contains another an integral number of times.
isl'et, a little isle.
eye'let, a small hole for a cord.
ap pre'ci ate, to estimate justly.
il log'ic al, not logical.
lull'a by, a song to still a babe.
stand'ard, a banner; a model.
fore bode', to fear beforehand.
com'et, a nebulous heavenly body.
su per sti'tion, absurd fear in religious matters.
be nef'i cent, doing good; generous.
i den'tic al, the same; not different.
im peach', to accuse.
lev'i ty, trifling conduct.
pro cras'ti nate, to postpone.
pla'card, a writing or notice in a public place.
piv'ot, a pin fixed at one end and on which anything turns.
ag'gran dize, to make greater in power, rank and honor.
al'a bas ter, a kind of sulphate or carbonate of lime.
hy'a cinth, a flower.
con fec'tion e ry, sweetmeats in general.
the o ret'ic al, pertaining to theory

LESSON LXII.

pred'i cate, the thing asserted of the subject.
hom'i cide, the unlawful killing of a human being.
syn'a gogue, a Jewish church.
res ur rec'tion, the rising from the dead.
cer'e mon y, forms of civility.
sac'ri lege, the crime of profaning sacred things.
af fi da'vit, a statement in writing made under oath.
de fend'ant, the party in a suit at law that opposes a complaint.
ac quit'tal, formal deliverance from the charge of an offense.
per'ju rer, one who swears falsely.
fel'o ny, a crime punishable by death or imprisonment in the penitentiary.
may'hem, depriving a person of any member necessary for defense or flight.
crim'i nal, one guilty of a crime.
ces'sion, a surrendering of property.
hy drop'a thy, treatment of disease by water.
ath e ne'um, a literary association.
ex tol', to eulogize.
vag'a bond, an idle fellow.
bron chi'tis, a disease of the throat.
flac'cid (flak'-sid), yielding to pressure.
e ner'vate, to deprive of nerve or strength.
de fal'cate, to deduct a part.
ten'or, a part in music.
con'quer or, one who overcomes.
con'fi dent, having assurance; trustful.
in stall', to instate in an office or order.
doi'ly, a small napkin.
lax'a tive, a gentle purgative.
lax'i ty, quality of being lax.
lex'i con, a dictionary.
ob'e lisk, a four-sided stone pillar.
pre vent'ive, that which prevents.
prim'i tive, pertaining to the beginning.
prog'e ny, descendants.
strat'a gem, any artifice.
strat'e gy, science of military movements.
lit'i gate, to contest in law.
lu'cid, sane, transparent, bright.
par'a chute, an umbrella-like apparatus to prevent a too rapid descent from a balloon.
par'a dise, a place of bliss.

tro'che, a medicine in a small cake to be dissolved in the mouth.
tra'che a, the windpipe.
mal'ice, unprovoked malignity.
rai'ment, garment.
pen'nant, a small flag.
per'fi dy, treachery; violation of faith.
ve neer', to cover with a thin coat of superior material.
med'ley, a mixture; a jumble.
sil'hou ette, a profile filled in with a black color.
ver mil'ion, a shade of red.

LESSON LXIII.

pom'ace, substance of apples, etc., crushed by grinding.
pum'ice, a light porous volcanic substance.
mu'ti late, to maim or cripple by deforming.
suav'i ty, agreeableness.
wit'ti cism, a phrase affectedly witty.
gon do lier', a man who runs a gondola.
bal'last, a heavy substance used in vessels to steady them.
o'nyx, a precious stone,
ag'ate, a precious stone.
car nel'ian, a precious stone.
am' e thyst, a precious stone.
mal'a chite, native carbonate of copper.
tur quois', a bluish green mineral.
sap'phire (saf'-ir), a precious stone usually blue.
gin'seng, a Chinese plant whose root is used for medicine.
lau'rel, an evergreen shrub having aromatic leaves.
wei ge'li a, a flowering shrub.
pe'o ny, a plant having beautiful flowers.
fuch'si a, a beautiful flowering plant.
dahl'ia, a beautiful flowering plant.
a nem'o ne, a genus of plants of the crowfoot family.
ex plan'a to ry, something given in explanation.
la'i ty, the people as distinguished from the clergy.
chor'is ter, the leader of a choir.
col'port eur, a peddler of religious books or tracts,
chiv'al ry, a body of knights serving on horseback.
cham pagne', a sparkling wine from Champagne.
nau'se ate, to become squeamish.
non pa reil', having no equal; a kind of type.

az'ure, blue color of the sky.
whirl'i gig, a child's toy.
ran'cid, having a rank smell.
gey'ser, a fountain which spouts forth boiling water.
ar chi pel'a go, water interspersed with many isles.
um bra'geous, forming a shade.
num'skull, a dunce.
now'a days, at the present period.
wee'vil, a small insect of the beetle tribe.
cat'er pil lar, the larva of a butterfly.
liz'ard, a four-footed reptile.
cha me'le on, a lizard-like reptile of changeable hues.
ped'dler, one who peddles.
sub'tra hend, number to be subtracted from another.
bal'ance, that which is necessary to make two quantities equal.
jan'i tor, a door-keeper; a porter.
mil'li ner, one who makes and sells head-dresses, etc., for women.
a poth'e ca ry, a compounder of drugs.
min'u end, number from which another is subtracted.
chow'der, a mixed dish of meat and some vegetable.
sur'geon, one who cures injuries of the body by manual operation.

LESSON LXIV.

al'mond, a nut.
ben e fac'tor, one who confers a benefit.
de layed', put off; lingered.
con vulse', to shake violently.
un coup'le, to disjoin.
ex pi ra'tion, act of breathing out air; termination.
ex'ple tive, a word not necessary to the sense.
ex og'e nous, growing by additions to the outside of the wood.
in dig'e nous, born or originating in, as in a country.
en dog'e nous, increasing by internal growth.
gum-ar' a bic, a gum from trees of several species.
guar'an ty, an undertaking to answer for the failures of another.
guer ril'la, an irregular mode of warfare.
go ril'la, a large monkey.
sim'i lar, resembling, like.
fav'or ite, one preferred.
chaise, a vehicle.
skein, a knot or a number of knots of yarn.

sieve, a utensil for separating fine parts.

po lo naise', a kind of Polish robe.

basque, part of a lady's dress, resembling a jacket.

mack'er el, a kind of fish.

spin'ach (-ej), a garden plant.

pre ced'ing, that which has gone before.

pro ceed'ing, progress from one thing to another.

cel'er y, a plant of the parsley family.

cau'li flow er, a variety of cabbage.

suc'co tash, green corn and beans boiled together.

por'ridge, meal or flour boiled in water or milk to the consistency of thin paste.

mar'ma lade, pastry preserve made of the pulp of any fruit.

tap i o'ca, a granular substance from the root of a Brazilian plant.

chow'chow, a kind of mixed pickles.

mac a ro'ni, an edible paste made into long tubes.

re sid'u a ry, pertaining to the residue.

de mur', to raise an objection.

leg a tee', one to whom a legacy is bequeathed.

ex ec'u tor, the person appointed by a testator to execute his will.

ad min is tra'tor, the person appointed by the court to take charge of the property of a person deceased.

ap pur'te nance, that which appertains to something else.

chat'tels, personal property of any kind.

col'an der, a kitchen utensil.

cham'ois (-my), a species of antelope.

rhi noc'e ros, a large thick-skinned animal.

o pos'sum, a marsupial quadruped found in America.

ma hog'a ny, a tree of tropical America and its wood.

ca tal'pa, a common tree bearing a large pod.

prec'i pice, a very steep or overhanging place.

blu'ing, something to give a bluish tint.

si le'si a, a thin coarse linen.

chev'i ot, wool from a valuable breed of sheep in Scotland.

LESSON LXV.

pre emp'tion, right of purchasing before others.
per'emp to ry, precluding debate.
par al lel'o gram, a right-lined quadrilateral figure.
i sos'ce les, having only two sides that are equal.
ap po si'tion, state of two nouns one of which explains the other and without a connecting word.
im per'a tive, expressive of command.
pos'i tive, decided; not doubtful.
neg'a tive, implying denial.
met'a phor, a figure of speech
aux il'ia ry, an aid.
pas'sive, not active.
el lip'sis, an omission.
et y mol'o gy, that which explains the origin of words.
ex clam'a to ry, expressing exclamation.
co-or'di nate, equal in rank or order.
de fin'i tive, final, conclusive.
flee'cy, soft like wool.
e'qual ize, to make equal.
en'ter prise, that which is undertaken.
a pol'o gize, to express regret.
fe lic'i ty, happiness.
vac'il late, to fluctuate in mind or opinion.
fis'sure, a cleft or crack.
tran scend', to surpass; to go beyond.
ret'i cence, state of being reticent.
sol'ace, to cheer in grief.
pro pen'si ty, natural inclination.
pau'ci ty, smallness.
ex cres'cence, anything grow-out unnaturally from something else.
ef fer vesce', to bubble and hiss.
co-in'ci dence, concurrence.
ac qui esce', to rest satisfied.
rem i nis'cence, that which is recalled to mind.
va'ri ance, difference between things that should be alike.
mor'al ize, to explain in a moral sense.
mem'o rize, to commit to memory.
sat'ir ize, to censure with severity.
par'a lyze, to affect with paralysis.
su per vise', to oversee.
tan'ta lize, to tease; to annoy.
in'te gral, pertaining to the whole or unit.
min'i a ture, a picture on a reduced scale;
mis'chiev ous, inclined to do harm.

pit'i a ble, deserving pity.
os ten'si ble, apparent, avowed.
re ceiv'a ble, that which can be received.
plau'si ble; apparently right.
sal'a ble, that which can be sold.
tan'gi ble, perceptible by the touch.
tam'a ble, capable of being tamed.

LESSON LXVI.

cere'ment, a cloth dipped in wax.
cog'nac (kon'-yak), a kind of French brandy.
co quet'ry, trifling in love.
def'i cit, deficiency in amount or quality.
cyn'ic al, surly, snarling.
i'ci cle, a conical piece of ice.
man'a cle, a handcuff.
fin'i cal, affectedly fine.
hys ter'ic al, pertaining to hysterics.
fa nat'ic al, excessive enthusiasm.
gram mat'ic al, belonging to grammar.
met a phor'ic al, pertaining to a metaphor.
ob'sta cle, that which hinders.
pin'na cle, a slender pointed turret.
tech'nic al, relating to any art or science.
whim'si cal, having odd fancies.
sym met'ric al, harmonious in its parts.
par'ti cle, a small part.
an a lyt'ic al, resolving into component parts.
sta tis'tic al, pertaining to statistics.
fin an cier', one skilled in finance.
fran'chise, a right.
hal'i but, a kind of fish.
con fi dant', a confidential friend.
hol'o caust, a sacrifice consumed by fire.
stu pend'ous, of astonishing magnitude.
chrys'a lis, a form through which insects pass.
hoped, did hope.
ex ist'ence, state of existing.
an ten'na, the feeler of an insect.
a pol'o gy, expressed regret of something improper.
ap pall', to discourage with fear.
ap'pe tize, to create an appetite.
car'a mel, a sugary substance.

chal'lenge, invitation to a contest.
co erce', to restrain by force.
as sess'or, one appointed to assess property.
av'a lanche, a vast moving body of snow or ice.
bal'lot, a written or printed vote.
col lapse', a falling together suddenly.
di rect'o ry, a book of the names of inhabitants of a place.
ex hil'a rate, to make cheerful.
con'di ment, something to give relish to food.
de ci'sive, that which decides.
dis'si pate, to destroy by wasteful extravagance.
em'er y, a fine material for polishing metals.
em'pha size, to utter with a particular stress of voice.
i'sin glass, a kind of gelatine prepared from the air bladder of sturgeons.
ir'ri gate, to water as land.
hy'brid, a mongrel animal or plant.

LESSON LXVII.

a'gen cy, office of an agent.
for'feit, to lose the right to for some offense.
mis ap pre hen'sion, a misconception.
seiz'ure, act of seizing.
rec om mend'ed, commended to the consideration of another.
cre den'tials, that which gives title to credit.
sus pen'sion, the state of being hung.
wran'gle, to quarrel loudly.
fa cil'i tate, to make easy.
ran'cor, the deepest malignity.
or'i gin, the beginning.
ip'e cac, a plant whose root is used as an emetic.
par e gor'ic, an anodyne.
strych'nine, a vegetable poisonous alkaloid.
neu ral'gi a, a painful disease of the nerves.
drop'sy, an unnatural collection of serous fluid.
rheu'ma tism, a painful disease of the muscles and joints.
lau'da num, tincture of opium.
mo nop'o ly, sole power of dealing in anything.
jaun'dice, a disease characterized by yellowness of the eyes, etc.
in san'i ty, unsoundness of mind.
crip'pling, disabling.

as sas sin a'tion, act of murdering by secret assault.
fore shad'ow ed, to foretell.
u nan'i mous ly, with one mind.
ad ja'cent, near to but not touching.
le git'i mate, that which is lawful.
phrase, a brief expression or part of a sentence.
an'nu al ly, by the year.
de mor'al iz ing, corrupting good morals.
pro vid'ing, to furnish for future use.
em ploye' (-ploya), one who is employed.
in ter fere', to clash; to take a part in the concerns of others.
dun'geon, a dark prison.
sched'ule, an official list or inventory.
so lic'it or, one who solicits.
ar'mis tice, a temporary cessation of arms.
fil'i bus ter, a free-booter.
in'sti tute, to set up; to originate.
com pul'so ry, that which is compelled.
op posed', did oppose.
pa ro'chi al, pertaining to a parish.
with draw'al, a drawing away from.
al leged', brought forward as a plea.
pre vail', to succeed.
in ju'ri ous, hurtful.
con stru'ing, interpreting.
lan'guor, lassitude of body.
sar sa pa ril'la, a root much used in medicine.
cam'phor, the sap of an East India tree.

LESSON LXVIII.

stir'rup, a rest for the foot of a rider.
col'an der, a cooking utensil.
gri mace', a distortion of the face.
grease, a fatty substance.
gran'a ry, a storehouse for grain.
hy gi en'ic, pertaining to health.
ce lib'a cy, bachelorship.
sov'er eign, supreme in power.
in'tri ca cy, complicated.
in qui'ry, a question.
dis crep'an cy, disagreement, variance.
bap tize', to administer baptism.
ir re me'di a ble, not capable of being remedied.

crit'i cise, to find fault with.
mon o ma'ni a, derangement of one faculty.
nape, back part of the neck.
dis cern'i ble, that can be discerned.
a me'na ble, liable to be brought to account.
li thog'ra pher, one who practices lithography.
con spir'a cy, a combination of two or more for an evil purpose.
hy poc'ri sy, dissimulation.
em'bas sy, the function of an embassador.
rec'og nize, to call to mind.
com'pro mise, to adjust by mutual concessions.
ag'o nize, to torture with great pain.
in dis'pu ta ble, that cannot be disputed.
de'cen cy, state of being decent.
con'tro ver sy, a protracted contest or dispute.
mem'o rize, to commit to memory.
meant, did mean.
va'ri e gate, to diversify in external appearance.
san'i ta ry, designed to secure health.
ste're o type, a plate of type metal resembling a page of type.
sat'el lite, a small planet revolving around another.
ra pac'i ty, greediness of gain.
pri or'i ty, first in point of time.
piq'uan cy, sharpness, severity.
os'tra cise, to banish from society.
ni'hil ism, doctrine that nothing can be known.
mer'ce na ry, serving for pay.
ef fem'i na cy, unmanly delicacy.
de rog'a to ry, tending to lessen in value.
da guerre'o type, a photograph.
cor rob'o rate, to confirm.
co a lesce', to grow together.
an aes thet'ic, that which produces insensibility.
debut (dā-bū'), first appearance.
apropos (a-prō-pō'), to the point.
debris (da-brē'), fragments, rubbish.
attache (a-tă-shā'), one attached to a suite of an embassador.

LESSON LXIX.

sin cer'i ty, honesty of mind.
hap-haz'ard, chance.
cran'ber ry, a red sour berry used for sauce.
cre'o sote, an oily liquid having the smell of smoke.
cro chet', a kind of knitting made with a small hook.
de cap'i tate, to cut off the head.
vis'i ble, that may be seen.
ju'ni per, a shrub and its berry.
per'fo rate, to bore through.
cler'ic al, pertaining to a clerk or the clergy.
al'i mo ny, an allowance to a wife out of her husband's estate for her support.
all'spice, the berry of the pimento tree of the West Indies.
crys'tal lize, to form into crystals.
com pe ti'tion, rivalry.
ra'di ant, shining.
dis'ci pline, training; subjection to rule.
an'cient, old.
ab struse', obscure; not plain.
knick'knack, a trifle or toy.
ter'ra-cot'ta, a paste of clay and sand.
suc ceed', to come after; to prosper.
chris'ten dom, whole body of Christians.
pau'per, a person maintained at public expense.
fal'ter, to hesitate; to stammer.
brill'ian cy, lustre, splendor.
in'fa mous, notoriously bad.
re pug'nant, hostile, distasteful.
con ver'sion, change.
ea'ger, keenly desirous.
spir'it u ous, pertaining to distilled spirits.
con sec'u tive, following in order.
bam boo'zle, to play tricks upon; to deceive.
el'o quence, art of speaking well.
ob'vi ate, to remove, as difficulties.
ca rouse', to drink freely and in a jovial manner.
dam'ask, cloth with raised figures.
ex pan'sion, spreading out.
chirp, to make a short sharp sound.
tableau (tab'-lo), a vivid representation.
con'tra ry, opposed to.
li'en, a charge on property.
du'bi ous, doubtful.
an'te lope, an animal like the deer.

bay'ou, outlet of a lake.
ex pe di'tion, haste; an important enterprise.
en'ter prise, that which is undertaken.
no to'ri ous, publicly known.
cay enne', a kind of pungent red pepper.
jog'gle, to shake lightly.
au'thor ize, to give authority.

LESSON LXX.

hand'ker chief, a cloth to wipe the nose, etc.
twelfth, one of twelve equal parts into which a thing is divided.
tom'a hawk, a war hatchet used by American Indians.
in'no cent, free from guilt.
im mor'al, wicked.
ard'u ous, attended with great labor.
de lir'i um, mental aberration.
pri va teer', an armed private vessel commissioned to cruise against the commerce of the enemy.
pre'mi um, amount above par.
fab'u lous, fictitious.
facade (fa-sād'), front view of an edifice.
fa ce'ti ae, witty writings or sayings.
fic ti'tious, imaginary.
feud'al, embracing tenures by military services.
fil'i bus ter, a lawless military adventurer.
di ver'sion, turning aside; sport.
res'o lute, determined.
for bear'ance, exercise of patience.
hack'neyed, much used.
sap'phire, a precious stone.
ex'ca vate, to hollow out.
am bi'tion, eager desire for fame, etc.
cul'ti va tor, one who cultivates.
ad mo ni'tion, kind reproof.
in ter rupt', to stop by breaking in upon.
re mit'tance, anything, especially money, sent by mail.
en thu'si asm, an ardent zeal.
in e'bri ate, a drunkard.
be queath', to leave by will.
lis'ten, to hearken.
in'tri cate, complicated.
in flu en'tial, having influence.
gen'er ous, nobly liberal.
hem'i sphere, a half globe.
con tin'gent, liable but not certain to happen.
cav'ern, a cave.
res'i dence, an abode.
im pos'tor, a pretender.

in'ter val, space between things.
im pro vise', to bring about without previous preparation.
im pugn', to contradict.
in dif'fer ent, unconcerned.
at'ti tude, posture or position of a person.
un daunt'ed, fearless.
hy men e'al, pertaining to marriage.
lon gev'i ty, duration of life, especially great length.
cho'ral, pertaining to a choir.
pre pos'ter ous, absurd.
al read'y, before this time.
a bil'i ty, power to act.

LESSON LXXI.

ac cord'ing ly, in accordance with.
ar'id, dry; parched up with heat.
mis'tle toe, an evergreen plant.
im pru'dent, wanting discretion.
ac'ri mo ny, sharpness or severity, as of temper.
al'li ga tor, the American crocodile.
cra'ni um, the skull.
rol'lick ing, frolicking.
coch'i neal, a dye-stuff consisting of dried insects.
co a li'tion, union in a body or mass.
con cus'sion, act of shaking.
con sist'en cy, agreement; condition of standing together.
con ser va'tor, one who preserves from injury.
ex per'i ment, trial.
e ter'nal, everlasting.
at tend'ance, act of attending.
fal'chion, a short crooked sword.
un con'scious, not conscious.
un feigned', sincere.
un der rate', to rate too low.
am'e thyst, a precious stone of a violet color.
sanc'tion, to confirm.
graph'ic, well drawn; vivid.
com men'su rate, to reduce to a common measure.
naph'tha, a fluid from coal tar.
Ant arc'tic, pertaining to the region of the south pole.
klep to ma'ni a, morbid impulse to steal.
con ges'tion, undue collection of blood.
twee'zers, nippers.
num'skull, a dunce.
as sim'i late, to convert into a like substance.
as'ter isk, the mark (*) in writing or printing.

con ject′ure, a surmise.
a skew′, sideways.
as phalt′, } compact native
as phalt′um, } bitumen.
as cet′ic, one who practices undue rigor in religious things.
ar′ti fice, an artful or skillful contrivance.
art′i san, one skilled in any mechanical art.
art′ist, one who practices one of the liberal arts.
pros pec′tus, plan of a literary work containing the terms.
protege (pro-tā-zhā′), one under the care of another.
as a fet′i da, a fetid sap from the East Indies.
in′ven to ry, a list of goods, etc.
e nor′mous, excessive.
lief, gladly, freely.
so pra′no, the highest female voice or part.
ac cuse′, to charge.
in ju′ri ous, hurtful.
cal′um ny, slander.
re mon′strate, to argue with.

LESSON LXXII.

dough, flour or meal and water mixed but not baked.
tran scribe′, to copy.
hal loo′, to call or shout to.
ig nit′i ble, capable of being ignited.
il lic′it, unlawful.
il le git′i mate, not regular or lawful; born out of wedlock.
im′be cile, destitute of strength either of body or of mind.
hal lu ci na′tion, error, delusion.
hal le lu′iah, praise ye Jehovah.
ig′no min y, public disgrace or dishonor.
as sist′ance, help, aid.
im pas′si ble, incapable of suffering.
im per′a tive, expressive of command.
ar is toc′ra cy, government by the nobles.
vin′di cate, to justify; to defend.
con sent′, assent, agreement.
ob′sti nate, stubborn.
per ni′cious, very injurious.
com prise′, to include.
co erce′, to compel.
in tu i′tion, an act of immediate knowledge.
in veigh′, to rail against.
sand′wich, two slices of bread with meat between.
fools′cap, a size of writing paper 14 x 17 inches.

an'i ma ted, endowed with animal life; lively.
black'guard (blag'-gard), a low abusive fellow.
a tro'cious, extremely heinous.
at tain', to arrive at by effort.
in suf fi'cient, not sufficient.
car'riage, a vehicle; behavior.
tri en'ni al, happening every third year.
hom'age, reverence, respect.
ped'i gree, lineage, descent.
im pu'ni ty, exemption from penalty.
cen'tral, pertaining to the center.
in teg'ri ty, honesty, uprightness.
fru'gal, thrifty.
sen'ate, one branch of a legislature.
tai'lor, a maker of men's clothes.
al to geth'er, conjointly, wholly.
as sess', to value for purpose of taxation.
pa la'tial, becoming a palace.
crim'i nal, guilty of a crime.
crotch, forkings of a trunk.
ac com'pa ni ment, something that attends.
ran'dom, without aim.
si'lence, stillness.
ex trav'a gant, wasteful; profuse in expenses.
hon'eyed, flattered.
leav'en, ferment for dough.

LESSON LXXIII.

ex cla ma'tion, an expression of surprise and the like.
par'tridge, a bird of game.
me dic'i nal, having the properties of healing.
in cor'po rate, to form into one body.
in fu'ri ate, to enrage.
pet'ti fog ger, a petty lawyer.
ped'a gogue, a school-master.
ped' a go gy (gō-gy), the science of teaching; the office of a teacher.
ex plic'it, plain, direct.
change'a ble, subject to change.
cres'cent, the increasing moon.
Chris ti an'i ty, the religion of Christ.
bom ba zine', a kind of cloth.
or'tho dox, sound in religious doctrine.
hu'mor ous, merry.
fluct'u ate, to rise and fall.
mil'li ner, one who makes head-dresses for women.
e nu'mer ate, to number or name over.
mag na nim'i ty, greatness of soul.
ex tin'guish, to quench.

stim'u lus, that which stimulates.
com'pro mise, an agreement in which mutual concessions are made.
cog'i tate, to engage in continuous thought.
cob'bler, a clumsy workman.
co ag'u late, to curdle.
char'la tan, a quack.
fin an cier', one skilled in financial operations.
in ex cus'a ble, not to be excused.
com mence'ment, beginning.
per se ver'ance, persisting in an undertaking.
har'mo ny, just adaption of parts to each other.
bowl'der, a large round stone.
cy'press, an evergreen tree.
ex as'per ate, to irritate, in a high degree.
di men'sion, size, bulk.
a ver'sion, hatred.
in debt'ed, being in debt.
au then'tic, genuine.
pre em'i nent, superior.
a mal'gam ate, to blend together.
con sol'i date, to make or grow solid.
Cath'o lic, pertaining to the Roman Catholics.
ex com mu'ni cate, to expel from communion.
dul'ci mer, a musical instrument.
con demn', to pronounce guilty.
com'ment, an explanatory remark.
in co he'rent, unconnected.
hes'i tate, to pause; to stop to consider.
in ter sperse', to scatter among.
pe ti'tion, request, prayer.

LESSON LXXIV.

ges tic'u late, to make gestures.
in ac'cu rate, not correct.
gal'lant ry, bravery; devotion to ladies.
pal'a ta ble, agreeable to the taste.
sed'en ta ry, sitting much.
im per'ti nent, impudent.
re du'pli cate, to double again.
hy draul'ics, the science of liquids in motion.
hy dro stat'ics, the science of liquids at rest.
ar'chives, public records or where they are kept.
bois'ter ous, stormy, noisy.
sus pi'cion, a mistrust.
ex cres'cence, a superfluous growth.
sci at'i ca, a kind of neuralgia.

pre pos sess', to preoccupy.
vag'a bond, a vagrant.
ven'ti late, to expose, especially to air.
in fin i tes'i mal, inconceivably small.
pit'tance, a small allowance.
trai'tor, one who betrays.
cas'ti gate, to chastise.
as so'ci ate, to keep company with.
co a li'tion, a union; a league.
wind'lass, a machine to raise weights.
at tach'ment, affection; a legal process.
al le'vi ate, to ease.
of fen'sive, displeasing.
con'scious, knowing one's own thoughts.
neigh'bor, one who lives near.
re mu'ner ate, to pay an equivalent for anything.
mem o ran'dum, a record of something to be remembered.
dis coun'te nance, to disapprove.
per'se cute, to harass; to oppress.
in cen'tive, motive.
in de cis'ion, want of decision; irresolution.
can'vas, a coarse cloth.
can'vass, to solicit; to discuss.
e lu'ci date, to make clear.
ad ver tise', to inform; to give public notice.
a pos'tro phe, a mark used to denote the omission of a letter or letters.
pe'ri od, a stated and recurring interval; a mark of punctuation.
co'lon, a point marking a greater pause than a semicolon.
sem'i co lon, a point marking a more distinct separation than that marked by a comma.
com'ma, a point marking the smallest grammatical division of a sentence.
su per fi'cial, on the surface.
in tel lect'u al, mental.
la pel', part of a coat.
me an'der, a winding course.
de form'i ty, want of proper form.
sar'casm, a satirical remark.
con tu'sion, a bruise.

LESSON LXXV.

math e mat'ics, science of numbers and magnitude.
mesne, middle.
mes'mer ize, to bring into a mesmeric sleep.
mes'sage, a communication

mign on ette', an annual flowering plant.
in dul'gent, not restraining.
ex ten'sive, of great extent.
sus'te nance, food.
un right'eous, wicked.
ex pos'ure, state of being exposed.
u nan'i mous, being of one mind.
coun'te nance, the face.
an'o dyne, medicine assuaging pain.
an tic'i pate, to foretaste or foresee.
ca dav'er ous, like a dead body.
hal'i but, a large sea-fish.
quar'an tine, time a ship is prohibited from having intercourse.
tam'a rack, the larch.
pe tro'le um, an inflammable liquid.
there'fore, for that reason.
e las tic'i ty, power of a body to regain its original shape.
sub mis'sion, surrendering.
ad mis'si ble, that may be admitted.
pre cis'ion, exactness.
bor'ough, a corporate town.
par e gor'ic, a medicine that assuages pain; an anodyne.
par'a phrase, to explain amply.
par'a pet, a breast-work.
par'a site, a plant or animal that lives on another.
par'a digm, an example of a word as a verb conjugated, etc.
par'a dox, a proposition seemingly absurd yet true in fact.
par'af fine, a substance used for making candles.
pee'vish, fretful.
breech'ing, a part of a harness.
de cap'i tate, to behead.
i dol'a try, worship of idols.
cup'board, a case for dishes.
ca lam'i ty, a great misfortune.
pre sumpt'u ous, over-confident.
en hance', to raise or heighten.
wit'ti cism, a witty remark.
nom'in ate, to name for office.
a bun'dance, a great plenty.
croc'o dile, a large reptile.
hu mil'i ate, to humble.
dis suade', to advise against.
ac quaint'ance, a person well known.
con coct'ing, plotting.
in ter cept', to stop and seize on the way.
mag nif'i cent, grand, splendid.
cas'u al ty, an accident.
me trop'o lis, chief city.

LESSON LXXVI.

fil'ly, a young mare.
fis'cal, pertaining to the public treasury.
fil'lip, a jerk of the finger forced suddenly from the thumb.
as pir'ant, one who seeks eagerly.
of fi'ci ate, to perform the duties of an officer.
tick'lish, easily tickled.
gyp'sy, one of a wandering tribe.
ped'es tal, base of a pillar.
gen til'i ty, refinement; gentle behavior.
ar range', to put in order.
in cis'ion, a cut; a gash.
in ex pe'ri ence, want of experience.
so lil'o quy, a talking to one's self.
dis crep'an cy, disagreement.
rep re hen'si ble, blamable.
cor'ri dor, a passage way between independent apartments.
tat too', to mark by pricking a coloring matter into the skin.
re cip'ro cate, to give and receive mutually.
de ceive', to mislead; to delude.
mer'ce na ry, serving for pay; selfish.
a poth'e ca ry, a druggist.
av'er age, mean proportion.
tor'ture, extreme pain.
ve ran'da, a kind of open portico.
lan'guage, human speech.
e lec tric'i ty, the electric fluid.
gi raffe', the camelopard.
a'que ous, watery.
wea'sel, a small animal.
ab hor'rence, extreme hatred.
ar raign', to accuse.
ma lig'nant, disposed to do harm.
ma la'ri a, air tainted by deleterious emanations from organic matter.
mal'ice, unprovoked spite.
e qui noc'tial, pertaining to the time when night and day are equal.
es cheat', the reverting of real property to the state.
er ra'tum, an error in writing or printing.
con ceit'ed, vain.
be reave', to deprive by death.
ex ist'ence, being, life.
vo cab'u la ry, a list of words.
in ter vene', to come between.
mo nop'o ly, sole power of dealing in a thing.
mon'o graph, a written account of a single thing.
nup'tials, marriage.
dis as'ter, misfortune.

venge'ance, revenge.
cu'ri ous, inquisitive.
con'se crate, to dedicate.
al pac'a, a fine woolen cloth.

LESSON LXXVII.

ob liv'i ous, forgetful.
gra'cious, merciful; winning favor.
thor'ough, complete, entire.
bass, } the lowest part in
base, } music.
tor'toise, a reptile covered with a hard shell.
pho tog'ra phy, art of producing pictures by light on chemically prepared surfaces.
Bap'tist, one who holds to baptism by immersion.
com pete', to strive with another for anything.
haul, to drag; to pull.
ap'pli ca ble, suitable.
con cern', to affect; to make uneasy.
ab sorp'tion, the process of being absorbed.
scoun'drel, a rascal.
lar'ynx (-ĭnks), upper part of the windpipe.
ob'li ga to ry, binding in law or conscience.
o bes'i ty, excessive fatness.
pla teau', an elevated plain.
plen'te ous, abundant.
de co'rum, propriety of conduct.
sin cere', honest, frank.
phan'tom, a spectre.
home'ly, plain; not elegant.
van'i ty, empty pride.
al le'giance, loyalty which a subject owes to his government.
in stall', to place in office.
an nounce', to proclaim.
in'fer ence, deduction, conclusion.
ap prov'al, approbation.
so lic'it or, one who solicits; a practitioner in a court of chancery.
su prem'a cy, higher authority or power.
rav'en ous, voracious.
de fen'sive, serving to defend.
val'en tine, a sweetheart chosen or a love letter sent on St. Valentine's day.
vag'a bond, one who wanders from place to place.
car'i ca ture, a figure in which one's peculiarities are so exaggerated as to appear ridiculous.
me lo'di ous, musical.
pal'ette, the board for an artist's colors.
lu'di crous, laughable.

tel'e gram, a message sent by telegraph.
de mor'al ize, to corrupt the morals.
per spire', to sweat.
su per sede', to displace; to replace.
sen'tence, judgment; words containing a complete thought.
ir re triev'a ble, not to be recovered.
trop'i cal, relating to the tropics.
pes'ti lence, a contagious or infectious deadly disease.
hi e ro glyph'ic, any character having a mysterious significance.
hir sute', rough with hair.
mu'ti late, to deform in any way.
bach'e lor, an unmarried man.

LESSON LXXVIII.

tinct'ure, a solution by alcohol.
rem'nant, what remains.
prep a ra'tion, a making ready.
nav'i gate, to sail a ship.
ad'mi ral, a naval officer of the highest rank.
ac'ro bat, one who practices high vaulting, etc.
u'ni form, not varying.
scaf'fold, a temporary staging.
pic'nic, an entertainment in the country usually out of doors.
poi'son, a substance that destroys life.
pit'e ous, sorrowful.
pro pel', to urge forward by force.
bal'last, heavy matter to keep a ship steady.
flour'ish, to prosper; to brandish.
cov'et ous, very desirous.
for'eign, of another country.
for'feit, a fine for an offense.
sac'ri fice, an offering to God.
i tal'ic, sloping type.
e quiv'a lent, equal in value.
com'rade, a companion.
fi del'i ty, faithfulness.
re lieve', to ease.
es pe'cial, particular, distinguished.
per'ma nent, durable, lasting.
ex hib'it, to show; to display.
un ruf'fled, calm, tranquil.
is'land, land surrounded by water.
arc'tic, northern.
daugh'ter, a female child.
hy poth'e sis, a supposition.
rus'set, reddish-brown.

tour'na ment, a mock fight on horseback.
sal'a ble, capable of being sold.
ex ter'mi nate, to eradicate; to destroy.
cur'va ture, continual bending of a line or surface.
fra ter'nal, brotherly.
con'se quence, that which follows something on which it depends.
con'quer, to overcome.
scab'bard, a sheath.
fu'rious, mad, raging.
as sas'sin, a secret murderer.
ben e dic'tion, a blessing.
big'ot ry, blind zeal.
ex ces'sive, beyond due bounds.
di'a lect, local form of a language.
con spic'u ous, clearly seen; eminent.
con fla gra'tion, a great fire.
pe ri od'i cal, returning regularly after a certain time.
fif'ti eth, one of 50 equal parts of a unit.

LESSON LXXIX.

count'ing-house, a house or room where accounts are kept.
coun'ter sign, to sign a name to attest the authority of an instrument.
book'-ac count, a register of debit or credit in a book.
book'store, a shop where books are kept for sale.
book'-case, a case for holding books.
book'keep er, one who keeps accounts.
but'ter nut, an American tree and its fruit.
cler'gy man, an ordained minister.
cof'fee-pot, a covered pot in which coffee is boiled.
year'-book, an annual report of the statistics for the year.
writ'ing-book, a book for practice in penmanship.
would'-be, desiring or professing to be.
col'or-blind, having an imperfect appreciation of color.
rent'-roll, a list of rents.
rat'tle snake, a poisonous snake.
com'mon wealth, a state; a body politic.
worm'-hole, a hole made by a worm.
race'-horse, a horse kept for running in contest.
quit'claim, to release or relinquish a claim.

work'shop, a shop where any manufacture is conducted.
cop'per faced, covered with copper.
day'-time, time between sunrise and sunset.
deaf'-mute, a person who is deaf and dumb.
print'ing-press, a press for printing books or papers.
press'man, one who manages a press.
post'-of fice, an office where mail is distributed.
post'-master, one in charge of a post-office.
poor'-house, a public almshouse.
alms'-house, a poor-house.
death'-bed, the bed on which a person dies.
ill'-nat ured, of habitual bad temper.
ice'-house, a repository for ice.
ice'-cream, flavored milk or cream congealed.
house'keep er, a householder.
horse'-jock ey, a dealer in horses.
hunts'man, one who hunts.
dog'-cart, a vehicle for sportsmen.
draw'ing-room, a room for the reception of company.
heir'-loom, a chattel which has been in a family for generations.
head'work, mental labor.
head'-shake, a significant shake of the head.
cop'per-plate, a plate of copper on which an engraving is made.
corn'-bread, a kind of bread made of meal.
work'man, a man employed in labor.
work'ing-day, a day on which work is performed.
quick'sand, sand easily moved or readily yielding to pressure.
quick'-wit ted, having ready wit.
coun'ter pane, a coverlet for a bed.
coun'try man, a native of a region.

LESSON LXXX.

court'-plas ter, sticking plaster made of silk and some gum.
woe'-be gone, immersed in grief.
pug'-nose, a short thick nose.
pub'lic-spir it ed, having a disposition to advance public interests.
with out', not within.

court'-yard, a court round a house.
craw'-fish, a species of crustacea.
prun'ing-shears, shears for pruning trees, etc.
proof'-sheet, a trial impression from type.
wire'-cloth, a cloth made of wire.
win'ter-ap ple, an apple that does not ripen until winter.
print'ing-house, a printing-office.
crown'-wheel, a wheel with cogs at right angles to its plane.
hoar'hound, a plant with a bitter taste.
hog'-pen, a pen for hogs.
hogs'head, a large cask.
mush'room, a kind of fungi.
pep'per mint, a well-known aromatic plant.
horse'back, state of being mounted on a horse.
horse'-car, a car drawn by horses.
long'-headed, of penetrating mind.
life'time, the length of a life.
short'hand, stenography.
type'wri ter, a machine for writing by means of type.
un a mer'i can, not according to American customs.
wash'out, the washing away of a road-bed.
waste'-paper, spoiled paper.
wood'tick, a kind of mite.
stock'-train, a train loaded with stock.
sand'stone, a kind of rock.
wood'-cut, an engraving on wood.
true'-love, one beloved.
trade'-mark, a distinguishing mark.
towns'man, an inhabitant of a town.
town'-clerk, an officer who keeps the records of a town.
tooth'ache, pain in the teeth.
to-mor'row, day after the present.
tomb'stone, a monument.
to-day, the present day.
sweet'-corn, a variety of maize.
sweep'stakes, the whole thing staked on a horse-race.
sweet'meat, fruit preserved with sugar.
sweet'-oil, olive oil.
sun'shine, bright rays of the sun.
sun'-stroke, an affection produced by heat.
sun'rise, the first appearance of the sun above the horizon.
roll'ing-mill, a mill for shaping rails, sheets, etc.
pole'ax, an ax fixed to a handle.
pay'-day, a day when payment is made.
op'er a-house, a theatre.

LESSON LXXXI.

Mon ti cel'lo.
O'ma ha.
Cin cin na'ti.
Phil a del'phi a.
In di an ap'o lis.
Chil li coth'e.
San Fran cis'co.
Sche nec'ta dy.
Sac ra men'to.
Mauch Chunk.
Mar seilles'.
Lar'a mie.
Mack'i naw.
Je ru'sa lem.
Man i to woc'.
Me nom'o nee.
Tal la has'see.
Tah'le quah.
Jo'li et.
Pe nob'scot.
Osh'kosh.
Os ce o'la.
Ot tum'wa.
Pa du'cah.
O nei'da.

Mus ke'gon.
Mus'ca tine.
Kan ka kee'.
Mus kin'gum.
Kal a ma zoo'.
Ka na'wha.
Ju ni at'a.
Al le ghe'ny.
An nap'o lis.
Du buque'.
Chau tau'qua.
Ches'a peake.
Can an dai'gua.
Chey enne'.
Al bu querque (Al'boo **kerk**)
Ad i ron'dack.
Win'ni peg.
Yp si lan'ti.
Worces'ter,
Wilkes bar're.
Val pa rai'so.
Man i to ba'.
Vin cennes'.
Ke'o kuk.
Shen an do'ah.

LESSON LXXXII.

Al a ba'ma,	Ala.	Con nect'i cut,	Conn.
Ar i zo'na,	Ariz.	District of Columbia,	D. C.
Ar kan sas',	Ark.	Del'a ware,	Del.
Cal i for'ni a,	Cal.	Flor'i da,	Fla.
Col o ra'do,	Colo.	Geor'gi a,	Ga.

I'da ho,	Idaho.	New Mex'i co,	New M.
Il li nois',	Ill.	New York,	N. Y.
In'di an,	I. T.	North Car o li'na,	N. C.
In di an'a,	Ind.	North Da ko'ta,	N. D.
I'o wa,	Io.	O hi'o,	O.
Kan'sas,	Kan.	Or'e gon,	Ore.
Ken tuck'y,	Ky.	Penn syl va'ni a	Pa.
Lou i si a'na,	La.	Rhode Isl'and,	R. I.
Maine,	Me.	South Car o li'na,	S. C.
Ma'ry land,	Md.	South Da ko'ta,	S. D.
Mas sa chu'setts,	Mass.	Ten nes see',	Tenn.
Mich'i gan,	Mich.	Tex'as,	Tex.
Min ne so'ta,	Minn.	U'tah Ter'ri to ry,	U. T.
Mis sis sip'pi,	Miss.	Ver mont',	Vt.
Mis sou'ri,	Mo.	Vir gin'i a	Va.
Mon ta'na,	Mont.	Wash'ing ton,	Wash.
Ne bras'ka,	Neb.	West Vir gin'i a,	W. Va.
Ne va'da,	Nev.	Wis con'sin,	Wis.
New Hamp'shire,	N. H.	Wy o'ming	Wyo.
New Jer'sey,	N. J.		

LESSON LXXXIII.

Jan'u a ry,	Jan.	Tues'day,	Tues.
Feb'ru a ry,	Feb.	Wednes'day,	Wed.
March,	Mar.	Thurs'day,	Thurs.
A'pril,	Apr.	Fri'day,	Fri.
May,	May.	Sat'ur day,	Sat.
June,	June.	The present month (instant),	
July,	July.	inst.	
Aug'ust,	Aug.	The last month (ultimo),	ult.
Sep tem'ber,	Sep.	The next month (proximo),	
Oc to'ber,	Oct.	prox.	
No vem'ber,	Nov.	Bought,	Bot.
De cem'ber,	Dec.	Free on board,	f. o. b.
Sun'day,	Sun.	Errors and omissions excepted,	
Mon'day,	Mon.	E. & O. E.	

Each,	ea.	Received,	Recd.
Freight,	Frt.	Answer if you please,	R. S. V. P.
Place of the seal,	L. S.	Secretary,	Secy. or Sec.
Take Notice,	N. B.	Superintendent,	Supt.
North America,	N. A.	Versus,	Vs.
Plaintiff,	Plff.	Christmas,	Xmas.
President,	Prest., pres.	Vice President,	V. P.
Professor,	Prof.	Treasurer,	Treas.
Postscript,	P. S.	Defendant,	Dft.
Pieces,	Ps. or Pcs.	Arrive,	Arr.
Which see,	q. v.		

LESSON LXXXIV.

Amount,	Amt.	Bags,	Bgs.
Assorted,	Ass't'd.	Bills Payable,	Bills Pay.
Administrator,	Admr.	Bills Receivable,	Bills Rec.
Advertisement,	ad.	Buyer's option,	B. O.
Appendix,	App.	Before Christ,	B. C.
Article,	Art.	Bundles,	Bdls.
Anonymous,	Anon.	Black,	Blk.
Assistant,	Asst.	Cash-Book,	C. B.
And so forth,	&c.	Commission,	Com.
Answer,	Ans.	Collect on Delivery,	C. O. D.
At, to, per, each,	@	Cents,	¢ or cts.
Balance,	Bal.	Captain,	Capt.
Bales,	Bls.	Civil Engineer,	C. E.
By,	per.	Court-House,	C. H.
Bill-Book,	B. B.	Chests,	chts.
Barrel,	bbl. or brl.	Collection,	Col.
Bushels,	Bu.	Charged,	Ch'gd.
Boxes,	Bxs.	Colonel.	Col.
Brought,	Brot.	Cases,	Cs.
Bachelor of Laws,	LL. B.	Capital,	Cap.
Baskets,	bkts.	Cartage,	ctg.
Bachelor of Arts,	A. B. or B. A.	Checks,	Cks.
Bachelor of Philosophy,	Ph. B.	Creditor,	Cr.

Consignment,	Const.
Dozen,	Doz.
Doctor of Laws,	LL. D.
Drayage,	Dray.
Days,	ds.
Debtor, doctor,	Dr.
Dollars,	$.
Discount,	Dis. or Disc.
District Attorney,	Dist. Atty.
Day-Book,	D. B.
Deputy,	Dep.
Draft,	D-ft.
English,	Eng.
Executor,	Exr.
Expenses,	Exp.
Errors excepted,	e. e.
Example,	Ex.
Exchange,	Exch.
Figured,	Fig'd.
Forward,	F'w'd.
Folio,	Fol.
Figure,	Fig.

LESSON LXXXV.

Forenoon,	A. M.
For example,	e. g.
Favor,	Fav.
Foot, feet,	ft.
First-class,	A 1.
Grain, gross,	gr.
Gallon,	gal.
Governor,	Gov.
Gentlemen,	Messrs.
Hogshead,	Hhd.
His or Her Royal Highness,	H. R. H.
Hundred,	Hund.
Half,	hf.
Insurance,	Ins.
Inches,	in.
It does not follow,	Non seq.
Interest,	Int.
Invoice-Book,	I. B.
Invoice, inventory,	Inv.
Insolvent,	Insol.
I owe you,	I. O. U.
Journal,	Jour.
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